

THE GETTYSBURG TIMES.

FOURTEENTH YEAR

GETTYSBURG, PA., SATURDAY, JULY 22nd, 1916.

PRICE TWO CENTS

OCTOGENARIANS TAKEN BY DEATH

Two County Residents over Four Score Years, and One over Four Score and Ten, Died on Friday Evening.

MRS. J. H. TODD

Mrs. Mary C. Todd, widow of J. H. Todd, died at the home of her daughter, Mrs. George C. Strong, above Orttanna, Friday evening from congestion of the lungs. Her age was 80 years, 3 months, and 22 days.

Mrs. Todd was for many years actively engaged in literary work and for some time contributed to the leading magazines. She was a native of Kansas but, for the past three years, had been living here at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Strong.

Before coming to the East Mrs. Todd was prominently identified with woman's club work. Her husband was a veteran of the Civil War and she took a great interest in the work of the Woman's Relief Corps.

She leaves two daughters, Mrs. A. A. Hyde, of Wichita, Kansas, who has been visiting here for some time, and Mrs. Strong.

Funeral services will be held at her late home at 9:30 this evening, conducted by Rev. W. K. Fleck. The body will be taken to Wichita, Kansas, for burial leaving to-night on the Pittsburgh Express.

MRS. ALOYSIUS GROFT

Mrs. Aloysius Groft, one of Adams County's oldest residents, died at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Ellen Stuller, in Littlestown at 9:30 Friday evening, aged 91 years, 5 months and 26 days.

Her maiden name was Sarah Reck and she was born in the eastern part of the county. For the past sixty years she had been living in the vicinity of Littlestown, the last four years being in the town itself. Mr. Groft died about twenty one years ago.

She leaves two daughters, Mrs. Ellen Stuller and Mrs. Annie Reck. She also leaves two brothers and a sister, Levi Reck, of Hanover; Jeremiah Reck, of Howard County, Maryland; and Mrs. Dull, of Westminster.

Funeral on Monday morning from St. Aloysius Catholic church, Littlestown. Interment in the church cemetery.

GEORGE SMITH

George Smith, a veteran of the Civil War and a much respected citizen of Littlestown, died at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Milton Feeser, at that place, on Friday evening from a complication of diseases, aged 82 years.

Mr. Smith was a native of Germany. He had been a resident of Littlestown for many years and during the greater portion of his life was a successful contractor.

He leaves these children, Samuel Smith, of Littlestown; Calvin Smith, Baltimore; John Smith, of York; Mrs. Milton Feeser, Littlestown; Mrs. William Dush, Baltimore; Mrs. Charles Shriver, Taneytown.

Funeral on Monday morning from St. Paul's Lutheran church, Littlestown. Interment in the Littlestown cemetery.

REV. J. E. WOLFE

Rev. J. E. Wolfe, formerly of this section, but recently engaged in evangelistic work at Sawtelle, California, is dead after suffering for two weeks with an affection of the heart.

He leaves his wife, seven children, four sisters and a brother, Mrs. Effie Asper, York; Mrs. Rose Miller, Fairfield; Mrs. Martha Parks, Covington, Indiana; Mrs. Mary Pottorff, Waynesboro; and George Wolfe, Portland, Oregon.

BUYING MUNITIONS

Russian Financier is Paying Visit to the Battlefield.

P. Philippoff, a Russian millionaire who has been in this country for several years representing his government in the purchase of munitions, is a visitor in Gettysburg to-day. He came with several American friends to see the battlefield and was registered at Hotel Gettysburg during his stay here.

CONVEYANCES will leave Weaver's store between 8:00 and 9:00 o'clock on Thursday, July 27th, for the anniversary at the Hoffman Orphanage.—advertisement 1

WANTED immediately twelve good men. Apply to Gettysburg Furniture Company.—advertisement 1

UNLUCKY HAY

Head-On Crash between Cyclists Results in Injuries.

Arthur Martin, of Irishtown, while returning home on his bicycle from work, was run into by a motorcycle, and received lacerations on the arm and bruises on the body. The cause of the collision was a load of hay, which each party tried to go around—Martin on the right side and the motorcyclist on the wrong side. By the force of the impact, Martin was thrown over the motorcycle into the gutter. There were two men on the motorcycle, by the names of Sheely and Miller, and both were also thrown from the wheel, the former, who was driving, being cut up considerably.

ON CAMPING TRIP

Gettysburg Party Spending a Week at Dick's Dam.

Swananna Camp Fire Girls, Miss Martha Dickson guardian, left this morning for a week's outing at Shady Lawn Cottage, Dick's Dam. The following compose the party: Misses Margaret Stewart, Ruth Fissel, Margaret Zinkand, Edna Zinkand, Catharine Jacoby, Sadie Group and Miss Tack, of Harrisburg.

DAMAGE DONE BY BIG STORM

Crops Leveled, and One Barn Damaged. Many Parts of the County not Touched.

One of the most severe storms of the present summer season visited Gettysburg and some portions of the county between six and eight o'clock Friday night, but totally skipped by the other parts. Some damage was done by the high wind which accompanied the electrical display.

The storm hovered for an hour over the portion of the county with Table Rock as its center. Here oats and corn were almost leveled by the heavy downpour and by the severity of the wind. At the farm which William E. Olinger purchased from Ephraim Thomas some time ago the wind blew off the barn doors and blew in the gable end of the building.

In portions of Cumberland township, Fairfield, Abbottstown, Littlestown and other parts of the county there was no electrical display whatever and scarcely any rainfall while in Gettysburg rain fell in torrents for an hour or more.

ORGANIZED

York County League of Postmasters is Formed.

A York County League of the Pennsylvania Branch of Third and Fourth Class Postmasters, affiliated with the national organization, was formed at a meeting in York, Friday, J. S. Wertz, of Washington, borough president of the Pennsylvania branch, and one of the organizers of the county leagues, presided and made an address, explaining the purpose of the organization, which he said is principally the exchanging of ideas of work in the various offices.

The York County League has a membership of twenty-four. There are nearly seventy third and fourth class offices in York County. Mayor E. S. Hugentugler, former assistant postmaster of York, made an address.

SEVERAL INJURED

Mrs. Lawrence Mundorff, of Emmitsburg, in Automobile Mishap.

Mrs. Lawrence Mundorff, of Emmitsburg, was badly injured in an automobile accident about two miles from that place on the Taneytown road Thursday night about ten o'clock. Her child, aged about nine months, was bruised about the face, and William Kump, of Emmitsburg, also received several cuts. The car was badly damaged. Mrs. Mundorff sustained injuries to her hip and back.

NOW AT MEMPHIS

Fred M. Tate Gets New Secret Service Job.

Capt. Fred M. Tate, son of Mrs. T. T. Tate of this place, has assumed charge of the Memphis branch of the United States secret service. Capt. Tate succeeds Capt. C. H. Dickey, who resigned because of ill health.

The new secret service agent was transferred from Kansas City, where he has been stationed for some time. Capt. Tate has been in the secret service department for 15 years.

TAKEN BACK TO PENITENTIARY

Violated Parole and Must Finish Remainder of Three Year Sentence. County Man was Sentenced here for Horse Stealing

Having broken parole, Claude Groft, aged 28 years, of McSherrystown, was taken back to the Eastern Penitentiary last night by Parole Officers R. C. McKenty and A. T. Dutton to finish the two remaining years of a three year sentence for horse stealing.

It will be recalled that Groft was convicted in Adams County Court for the theft of a horse and buggy from his father, C. A. Groft, several years ago and given a three-year sentence in the Eastern Penitentiary, Philadelphia.

Groft was paroled about three months ago and returned to his family, consisting of a wife and two children, at McSherrystown, where he has been working at his trade of cigar making. For the last sixteen days he is alleged to have been drinking and attacked a number of persons with an axe.

Thursday evening he got into an argument with his father, and his wife and it is alleged threatened bodily harm to both. Officer Daugherty was called to settle the disturbance and sent to Hanover for assistance.

Groft was placed in the Hanover jail and the penitentiary officers took him back to Philadelphia Friday night.

FINDS RELATIVES DEAD

Roy Clugston Discovers Body of Brother in Mountain.

Charles Henry Clugston, aged 54 years, was found dead on South Mountain near Doyleysburg Thursday. He had gone for berries the preceding day and was overcome by heart failure and fell dead in the woods. He is survived by his widow and five children.

One of his brothers dropped dead in the woods two years ago and his mother died suddenly a few years previous. In each instance Roy Clugston, a brother of Charles H. Clugston, found the dead bodies.

FINE ADDITION

Local Farm Makes Purchase from New York Firm.

Buttonwood Stock Farm has purchased from the Yates Farms, Orchard Park, New York, the Holstein calf, King Plain Veeman Pontiac No. 182231, to head its herd of Holsteins. The average of his dam and sire's dam is 29.25 pounds of butter in seven days. This is great breeding and will doubtless assist in the improvement of the stock of the county.

LAFEAN TURNS DOWN PARTIES

Declines to Accept Nominations of Several. Gives his Reasons.

Daniel F. Lefean states that he will not accept the nominations for congressman-at-large given him by the Keystone, Roosevelt, Progressive, and Personal Liberty parties at the recent primaries. Robert C. Bair, nominated for the same office by the Washington and Bull Moose parties, will make no statement one way or the other, regarding his nomination.

When Congressman Lefean's attention was called to the fact that he had been nominated by three parties, according to the official list of nominations returned to the secretary of the commonwealth, at Harrisburg, he said:

"Under no circumstances will I accept the nomination for the reason that I do not desire to take a single vote from any of the Republican candidates for congress-at-large."

During the election of 1914, when Mr. Lefean was first chosen congressman-at-large, the Personal Liberty party, which again nominates him, gave him a total of 17,546 votes.

Asked if he had any intention of resigning his nomination, Mr. Bair said: "I have nothing to say at this time. There has as yet been no conference of the Progressive candidates. No person is able to say exactly what will be done."

Aug. 4-11—Annual Sessions. Lutheran Summer Assembly.

BOY ARRESTED

Accused of Taking Money from Workman's Clothing.

On information of G. C. Neusbaum, of Carlisle, William Menchey, 15 years old, was arrested this morning by Chief of Police Smiley charged with taking \$4 and a card case from the clothing of Mr. Neusbaum, who is working on the new Gettysburg Academy building. Several weeks ago, it is said, young Menchey got something over one dollar in the same way. A hearing was given before Squire Hill and, in default of \$250 bail, the boy was placed in jail.

MAHAFFIE SOLD

Gettysburg Club Sells Hard Hitting Player to the Maroons.

"Bill" Mahaffie was sold this morning by the directors of the Gettysburg base ball club to the Chambersburg Maroons. Mahaffie was still under Gettysburg control though he has been playing for the Allegheny Steel Company this summer and hitting about .380. He hit .444 with the Gettysburg College nine and is good for any position on the Maroons' team, having filled every post during his base ball career except that of short stop.

YOUTH CUT BY COLT'S KICK

Ugly Gash Cut open by Animal when County Boy is Watering Horses.

Clarence Sentz, 16 year old son of Augustus Sentz, residing in Cumberland township, was the victim of a most unfortunate accident on Friday evening when a young colt kicked and struck him with its sharp hoof, cutting a gash in the face from the nose to the lip. The hoof cut the entire way through and the wound bled profusely for many minutes.

Young Mr. Sentz was taking out one of the horses to give it water and the colt, about three months old, was with him. Suddenly and without any warning the animal kicked and Mr. Sentz had no time to get out of its way. A Gettysburg physician was summoned and several stitches were required to close the wound.

The action of the colt could not be explained for it was regarded as a very gentle animal and had never given any trouble before that of Friday evening.

ATTACKED BY DOGS

Roy Schrum, 10 Years Old, Injured when Thrown from Wheel.

Attacked by several dogs while passing the Harrold home on his bicycle, ten year old Roy Schrum, who resides with William Hershey, at York New Salem, was thrown from his machine, sustaining a broken shoulder blade, and bruises about the body. The accident occurred two miles from the boy's home.

The Schrum boy was returning to his home from an errand. In passing the Harrold residence the dogs, which, it is said, are known to be in the habit of chasing teams and automobiles, jumped over the fence and attacked the boy. Although he tried to elude them they overtook him and grabbed his trouser legs, pulling him from the bicycle and upsetting the machine. The dogs made no further attempt to harm the boy.

He walked a considerable distance to the office of a physician, who reset the fractured shoulder blade and attended his other injuries. The wheel was broken.

STILL PAINTING

Long Winter Job ahead of Lincoln Riders Going West.

The Lincoln Highway markers who passed through here ten days ago have reached Pittsburgh. They left New York June 19, and expect to finish work arriving at San Francisco by Christmas.

The markers are placed by the Lincoln Highway association every half-mile along the route of the highway, and also at every intersecting road. They are twenty-one inches square, and bear the national colors. The work done in the vicinity was attractively and carefully performed.

THREE DOZEN new white skirts just received from a manufacturer's end of the season clean up. Gives us \$1.00 values to sell at seventy five cents and \$1.25 and \$1.50 values at \$1.00. G. W. Weaver & Son.—advertisement 1

SUICIDES AFTER CASHING CHECK

Body is Found by Daughter after Long Search. Believed to have been Despondent on Account of Ill Health.

Despondent because of ill health, John Carty, aged about 56 years, walked into the stable on the Catocin Furnace property, where he resided, and fired a .32 calibre bullet into his brain on Wednesday night, and died a short time afterwards from its effects.

Justice L. R. Waesche, of Thurmont, after viewing the body and hearing the facts in the case, decided that an inquest was not necessary.

Carty had been in ill health for some time, but on Wednesday had resumed work for A. M. Isanogle. He was given a check in payment, and went to the store of Frank W. Fraley, at Catocin Furnace, to have it cashed that evening about 7:30. The money was given him and Carty went to his home and turned the funds over to his daughter, Miss Annie Carty, who had been keeping house for her father.

Immediately afterward the man walked from the house and nothing was heard from him until he was found dead in the stable by his daughter. He had been in the habit of retiring early, and shortly after ten o'clock the daughter became worried, and in a short time practically all of the people in the neighborhood were searching for the missing man. After failing to locate him, Miss Carty, in company with another girl, opened the stable door, and found her father lying dead.

There were three shells in the revolver, one of which was fired, the other two containing the bullets. An examination showed that the bullet entered the right temple, the revolver being held so close that the fire scorched the hair and burned the flesh.

The deceased besides his daughter, Miss Annie, is survived by five other children. The funeral took place Friday afternoon.

ELECT OFFICERS

Prepare to Sell More Tickets for Next Year's Event.

The guarantors for the 1917 Chautauqua met on Friday evening and elected these officers for the year: president, Rev. F. E. Taylor; vice president, Dr. C. F. Sanders; secretary, Dr. J. H. Ashworth; treasurer, I. L. Taylor. The canvass of town and county for course tickets will be taken up at once. C. W. Gardner was appointed to head the canvassers and will have as his assistants M. R. Remmel and Roy E. Zinn, who will aid in directing the work.

SURFACE MAY STILL HOLD ON

Rural Folk Watching Closely Developments in Connection with his Post.

State Economic Zoologist H. A. Surface may hold his position at the capitol until August 7. It is expected that Governor Brumbaugh will return from his retreat in Maine the early part of August and on August 7 the state agricultural commission, which requested Secretary of Agriculture Patton to get Surface's resignation, will meet.

At any rate the zoologist shows no indication of quitting just now. He apparently has some hope that the governor will save him, for it is said that many of his friends are writing to the governor. Many persons in all parts of the state are also writing to Dr. Surface, expressing the hope that he will be retained. The commission will probably take definite action at its meeting and will probably dismiss him.

Dr. Surface is probably better known throughout the rural sections of the state than any other state official. He has obtained more publicity through his bulletins and newspaper articles and various controversies than any other officialholder. Two years ago he was mixed up in a controversy that attracted nationwide notice after he claimed he had discovered a parasite that would kill the San Jose scale. He also set at rest annual rumors about "hoop snakes" and found from experience that bee stings cure rheumatism.

FELL OUT OF BED

Painful Injury Results for an Arendtsville Woman.

Mrs. Samuel O. Reed, of Arendtsville is suffering from a broken hip as the result of a peculiar accident. Some time Thursday night she arose to get a drink of water and, when she returned, lay too near the edge of the bed with the result that she turned over in her sleep and fell to the floor, fracturing her right hip. Dr. U. G. Bickell reduced the fracture and Mrs. Reed is resting as comfortably as possible, considering the painful character of her injury.

TOURIST PARTY

Comes to Spend Two Days in Town and on the Field.

A. C. Wentworth and a small party of New England tourists will arrive here on the Reading this evening for a two-day visit. The party comes principally from Springfield and vicinity. Mr. Wentworth is extensively engaged in the business of conducting tours. While here he and his friends will be guests at Hotel Gettysburg. Arrangements have been made for battlefield trips on Sunday morning and afternoon.

FOR BIG FAIR AT TANEYTOWN

Five Big Days Promised to those who Attend Annual Grange Event there.

The Maryland State Grange fair will be held in Ohler's Grove, near Taneytown, on August 15, 16, 17, 18 and 19, under the auspices of the Taneytown Grange. The program promises to be an interesting one, and the fair itself fully up to its usual standard of exhibits and attractions.

Tuesday will be Boy Scout day and the day of athletic contests. There will be twelve numbers by the scouts, each having its own peculiar interest. Music by Boy Scout band and addresses by those interested in the movement.

Wednesday is Knights of Pythias day, beginning at 10:30 a. m., with a parade in Taneytown. Prizes will be awarded for best drilled uniformed rank; for lodge having most men in line; for lodge having best band in parade. The day will be filled with addresses and music.

Thursday will be Grange Day. Prominent speakers from Maryland Agricultural College will be present. A grand concert and readings will be given by Jenny Lind Green, of Baltimore, assisted by a large chorus of trained voices. The program of this day promises to be a very fine one.

Friday will be Republican day. Dr. Joseph I. France, candidate for United States Senator, and William H. Lawrence, candidate for Congress, and others, will deliver addresses at 1:00 p. m. There will also be athletic contests on this day; running and jumping, etc.

Saturday will be Democratic day. Hon. David J. Lewis, candidate for United States Senate; Hon. J. F. C. Talbot, candidate for Congress; H. Dorsey Etchison and Andrew R. Broderick, candidates for Congress in adjoining districts, will address the meeting.

Special free attractions will be Miss Irene Latour and her trained dogs; and the six famous Flying Herbets. Both companies will give daring and remarkable feats entirely free to all in the grounds at the time.

A special sale of horses, cattle and sheep, will take place on Friday. This is a new feature, and should be interesting to many.

There will be special train service, on Thursday, which will enable visitors along the Western Maryland to spend the day at the fair and return by train.

For premium lists and a general description of the attractions, a large program has been prepared which gives full information, copies of which may be had from Charles E. H. Shriner, Secretary.

PRIESTS SAIL

County Rectors Leave for Vacation in Dublin.

Rev. Fr. Scanlon, rector of St. Mary's church, Lancaster, formerly of McSherrystown, and Rev. Fr. Kilian, of the Paradise Orphanage, near Abbottstown, sailed to-day from New York for Dublin, Ireland, on a vacation trip.

WANTED: a Ford or other light car. 531 Baltimore street.—advertisement 1

WRITES LETTER FROM BIG CAMP

Discomforts and Hardships of Life along the Mexican Border Told by Gettysburg Man now with the Troops.

From a land of lizards and snakes, with the temperature 120 degrees and no shade, William B. Long, son of the late Captain James T. Long, and now with Company B, 6th Pennsylvania, writes to his friends in Gettysburg:

"After riding six days and six nights we arrived here at 9:30 Wednesday night only to be taken from the train and to go into camp on a desert eight miles from El Paso, among rattlesnakes and lizards and all the kinds of animals they have in this part of the country. The most we have to contend with is the heat—120 all day, and the nights are not much better. There are no trees and I don't know how long we can stand this climate for the men are dropping everywhere every day.

"We are now only one and one-half miles from the border and can see it plainly. Two regiments were moved farther down the border yesterday and we expect to leave here at any time for farther south. We are pretty well protected by artillery and cavalry. We are all anxious to leave here and get into a cool country, no matter where it is. The people here in Texas treat us finely but we are tied down so that we can't leave very far from our line.

"The whole regiment was called out this morning at two o'clock from our tents for a false alarm from the signal corps which are stationed in our rear on a mountain of sand.

"The Mexicans are a bad looking lot of people and awfully dirty. There are over 40,000 in and around El Paso and they hardly take any notice of us at all.

"If you know of any person thinking of coming to the border, try and keep him there for he will wish he was back home again. We have been up against hardships ever since we came down, but have the nerve to stand for everything that comes our way.

"Jimmie's regiment is just two regiments from me. They are in the same brigade. He is second lieutenant of Company D, 8th Regiment Pennsylvania militia.

"Will have to close as it is time for drill for one hour. Then we'll go out on picket duty for 48 hours, two hours on and four hours off. If you have anything in the line of reading matter you don't want send it. Wish I was nearer to a good square meal as we haven't seen one for quite a while and don't know when we will get paid to buy ourselves anything.

"All mail comes to El Paso and from there is sent to us, wherever we are."

IMPORTANT DECISION

Commission Takes Steps to Force Companies to Repair Turnpikes.

Toll road companies throughout the state will, it is expected, take their cue from the decision of the public service commission in the case of the Lancaster Automobile Club vs. the Manor Turnpike Company.

The majority of the toll roads are in bad condition. Most of them are so located that they must be used by travelers. As a result of the fact that the income of the toll roads in many counties remains the same whether the thoroughfare is kept in order or neglected, most of them are neglected. However, when the various counties try to take over the toll roads the owners, as a rule, stand out for a figure based upon a thoroughfare in good physical condition.

If the toll roads companies were forced to keep their thoroughfares in better condition, highway department officials say, they would be a bit more anxious to sell than they are now and the task of freeing them would be easier.

In the Manor case the public service commission orders a number of specific improvements to be made. Commissioner Brecht, in his opinion, makes it evident that he is enunciating principles that apply generally.

FESTIVAL: there will be a festival for the benefit of Mt. Zion base ball team, Saturday evening, July 22, at grove adjoining White Run school house. Base ball game at 5 o'clock. Everybody come.—advertisement 1

July 26—Visit of Lutheran Orphans' Home Band.
July 27—Visit of State Officials over Lincoln Highway.

PROHIBITIONISTS NOMINATE HANLY

Named For President on the
First Ballot.

LANDRITH IN SECOND PLACE

The Platform Declares for Initiative,
Referendum and Recall, Uniform
Marriage and Divorce Laws, Etc.

St. Paul, July 22.—The Prohibition national convention adjourned sine die after nominating J. Frank Hanly, former governor of Indiana, as candidate for president of the United States, and Dr. Ira D. Landrith, of Nashville, candidate for vice president.

Dr. Landrith's nomination was made unanimous after the other candidates had withdrawn.

Hanly received 440 votes against 181 for William Sulzer, former governor of New York, his nearest contender.

The New York delegation cast thirteen votes for Sulzer and thirty-seven for Hanly. Several states changed their votes after completion of the roll call, most of the changes being in Hanly's favor. A number of delegates were absent, but about 340 votes were sufficient to elect.

Finley C. Hendrickson, of Cumberland, Md., received fifty-one votes; James Gilbert Mason, New Jersey, ten; W. P. F. Ferguson, four; Sumner W. Haynes, Indiana, two; Henry Ford, one. A motion to make Hanly's nomination unanimous met with only scattered opposition.

Eugene Chaffin, of Arizona, and Charles J. Hall, of California, in addition to about twenty other delegates, objected to the motion to make the nomination unanimous and the motion failed.

A motion to adjourn was defeated and the roll call of states for nominating speeches for vice president proceeded.

Mr. Hendrickson was placed in nomination for vice president by F. E. Baldwin, of New York, and William Shaw named Dr. Landrith. Marie C. Brehm, of Illinois, was named by Edward Blake, of Illinois, representing the anti-Catholic faction; L. L. Pickett, of Kentucky, nominated William Lloyd Clark, of Illinois.

The names of candidates, with the exception of Miss Brehm and Dr. Landrith were withdrawn. Miss Brehm then moved that Dr. Landrith's nomination be made unanimous.

The platform, over which a lively fight was expected, was adopted with only one change. A plank was added declaring in favor of the initiative, referendum and recall.

The platform expresses opposition to the "wasteful military programs of the Democratic and Republican parties," but favors "preparedness for peace." It suggests a "compact among nations to eliminate navies and disband armies," but until "such court and compact are established, we pledge ourselves to maintain an effective army and navy and to provide coast defenses entirely adequate for national protection."

Favors reciprocal trade treaties to be negotiated with all nations and commissions appointed to gather facts. Favors legislation to encourage the establishment of an adequate fleet of American merchant ships. Opposes war with Mexico; pledges aid to the protection of American lives and favors the use of force when necessary.

Approves strict interpretation of Monroe doctrine; opposes abandonment of the Philippine Islands at this time, but favors ultimate independence. Favors nonpolitical promotions to be governed by civil service regulation, applicable to all federal executive officials. Favors equitable retirement law, for maintenance of superannuated federal employees. Declares for Americanism.

Favors uniform marriage and divorce laws and complete suppression of white slavery. Declares for prohibition of child labor, approves an eight-hour day with one-hour rest each day, and extension of compensation and liability federal acts. Opposes "pork barrel" legislation and useless federal expenditures.

Favors a single presidential term of six years. Demands public ownership of utilities, to be operated in the interest of all people. Believes in equality of all persons. Favors separation of church and state, with guaranty of full religious and civil rights to all. Favors public grain elevators, owned and operated by the federal government and abolition of speculation on markets.

Page to Come to United States.
London, July 22.—Walter Hines Page, the American ambassador, has been granted a short leave of absence, and with Mrs. Page will leave on July 29 for the United States for a month's stay. (Ambassador Page, who has not been home in three years, will visit Washington for a conference with the state department.

Boy Bather is Drowned.
Stroudsburg, Pa., July 22.—A victim of an attack of cramps, Millard Strunk, sixteen, son of Edward Strunk, of Cheltenham, N. J., drowned in the Delaware. Young Strunk was bathing with a number of friends of about the same age, when he disappeared. The body was not recovered until three hours after its disappearance.

WIDOW lady wants housekeeping or light housework. Inquire Times Office.—advertisement

APARTMENT for rent. Inquire Times office.—advertisement

J. FRANK HANLY

Indiana Man Nominated for President
by Prohibitionists.



BIG NAVY MEASURE PASSED BY SENATE

All Efforts to Cut Down Building
Program Rejected.

Washington, July 22.—The naval appropriation bill, with a three-year building program, including the immediate construction of four dreadnoughts, four great battle cruisers and fifty-eight other craft, passed the senate by a vote of sixty-nine to eight.

It carries \$315,826,843, or \$45,857,588 more than the total as the measure passed the house.

The vote was delayed by a renewal of the controversy between Senator Reed, of Missouri, and Senator Oliver, of Pennsylvania. Senator Penrose, during Mr. Reed's absence from the chamber, got unanimous consent of the senate to print as a public document the Bethlehem Steel company's published arguments against a government armor plate plant. When Senator Reed returned and learned of it, he denounced the action as a "shameless proposition and an outrage," and declared the company's statements were false and misleading. Senator Oliver challenged Mr. Reed to show the statements he referred to.

"The senator from Pennsylvania," Senator Reed replied, "had the cool assurance, after admitting he owned steel stock, to stand up here and attempt to vote money into his own pocket by supporting a bill which would help the Bethlehem Steel company. If the senator were a judge he would not be permitted to vote on this issue."

Sensor Oliver denounced the statement, asserting that Senator Reed was attempting to avoid his challenge. "I say," continued Senator Reed, "that the senator from Pennsylvania on this floor admitted he owned a large amount of steel stock, and that this stock was in a concern that was the parent company of a concern engaged in the manufacture of armor plate. The senator knows that what ever might defeat the construction of a government armor plate plant will increase the price and profits for private armor plants, that the profits will be distributed among its stockholders, and that some of those profits will emit a musical jingle in the pockets of the distinguished senator from Pennsylvania."

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Favors uniform marriage and divorce laws and complete suppression of white slavery. Declares for prohibition of child labor, approves an eight-hour day with one-hour rest each day, and extension of compensation and liability federal acts. Opposes "pork barrel" legislation and useless federal expenditures.

Favors a single presidential term of six years. Demands public ownership of utilities, to be operated in the interest of all people. Believes in equality of all persons. Favors separation of church and state, with guaranty of full religious and civil rights to all. Favors public grain elevators, owned and operated by the federal government and abolition of speculation on markets.

Page to Come to United States.
London, July 22.—Walter Hines Page, the American ambassador, has been granted a short leave of absence, and with Mrs. Page will leave on July 29 for the United States for a month's stay. (Ambassador Page, who has not been home in three years, will visit Washington for a conference with the state department.

Boy Bather is Drowned.
Stroudsburg, Pa., July 22.—A victim of an attack of cramps, Millard Strunk, sixteen, son of Edward Strunk, of Cheltenham, N. J., drowned in the Delaware. Young Strunk was bathing with a number of friends of about the same age, when he disappeared. The body was not recovered until three hours after its disappearance.

WIDOW lady wants housekeeping or light housework. Inquire Times Office.—advertisement

APARTMENT for rent. Inquire Times office.—advertisement

RUSS IN FURIOUS DRIVE AT GERMANS

Gen. Kuropatkin Presses Attack
Against Von Hindenburg.

SAY LEMBERG IS EVACUATED

Czar's Troops Strike Terrific Blows at
Teutons in Riga Sector—Push At-
tacks on Lipa River.

Petrograd, July 22.—The Russian forces under General Kuropatkin are furiously attacking the German army under Field Marshal von Hindenburg in the Riga sector.

For several days the Germans have been subjected to the artillery fire of the Russians, which devastated the enemy's positions and paved the way for infantry assaults.

The heavy artillery of the Russians has broken the German front, according to reports, and the Germans have suffered heavy losses. Von Hindenburg personally is directing the German defense. He launched a furious counter attack, with heavy losses.

Kovel is again seriously endangered. Lemberg also is menaced, and the city has been almost entirely evacuated by the civil population. One report is that the Austrian headquarters staff decided to move from the city, which it recognized could not be defended.

Russian Attacks Pushed Vigorously.

London, July 22.—While Russian cavalrymen are sweeping into the Carpathian passes and preparing the way for the infantry to move upon the plains of Hungary to the north the great battle for the possession of Kovel and Lemberg has reached its second stage.

With the Lutsk salient wiped out and the Teutonic armies forced to retire beyond the Stokhod and Lipa rivers, General Brussloff is concentrating all his attention toward the successful launching of a blow in this region.

Along the Lipa and Stokhod the battle still rages furiously, with success seeing-sawing first with one side and then with another. The astonishing rapidity of Brussloff's assaults, the elasticity with which he is able to strike suddenly at points widely distant, is bewildering the enemy's forces so that their resistance is becoming less and less organized.

Both here and along the Stokhod frequent raids are netting the Russians many prisoners and vast booty. The roads leading from the rear of the Russian lines, are reported choked with enemy captives on the way to concentration camps and with Russian supply wagons bearing to the front immense quantities of ammunition for the renewed drive.

General Sakharoff, in front of Brody, across the Galician border, and General Kaledines, pounding at the Teuton lines in the direction of Sokol to the west, are both reported slowly working their way forward and consolidating their newly won positions so strongly that Austrian and German counter assaults have been unable to regain lost ground.

Before Kovel the Germans have concentrated nearly 100,000 men under General von Mackensen, according to tales of captured German troops. Once over the Stokhod, or in possession of Vladimir-Volynski, the Russians will face one of the greatest tasks of their offensive in the battering down of the defenses of this town.

Russians Advance in Armenia.

Petrograd, July 22.—The capture by Russian troops of the town of Gumushaneh, forty-five miles southwest of Trebizond, in Turkish Armenia, was announced by the war office.

SHOOTs FOUR: BURNS SELF

Insane Man in Newark Fires Into
Crowds in Street.

Newark, N. J., July 22.—Four passersby in the street opposite his locksmith shop were shot and seriously wounded here by Salvatore Castronova, fifty-three years old, an inventor, who had one suddenly insane, before he set fire to his clothing and burned to death.

Armed with four revolvers and a double-barreled shotgun, Castronova shot into the street until policemen began firing at him through the windows on the second floor of the building in which he lived. Then he ran to the other side of the house and fired at a crowd which had gathered there, but all these shots went wild.

The flames from the inventor's clothing set fire to the house. A woman and her five-year-old son were rescued by firemen just in time to escape death.

Italians Repel Attacks.

Rome, July 22.—Persistent attacks by Austrian forces in the Upper Postojna sector were repulsed by the Italian troops, the war office officially announced. The Italians gained further successes by capturing enemy trenches on Mount Majo.

Austrians Sink Submarines.

Berlin, July 22.—The destruction in the northern Adriatic, July 15, of two submarines, one of them Italian, by Austrian torpedo boats, is announced in an official communication from Vienna.

LOST: bunch keys, Round Top tower July 19. Reward if returned Times office.—advertisement.

PRESIDENT POINCARÉ

Head of French Republic In-
spects Lines at Verdun.

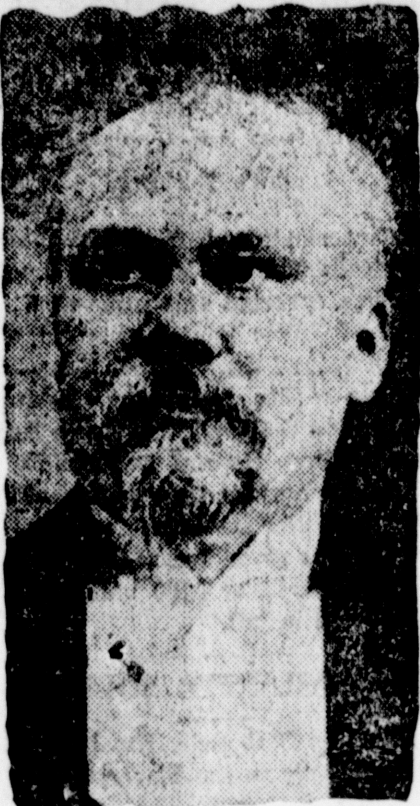


Photo by American Press Association.

VILLA REALLY AFTER TORREON, IT IS SAID

Personally Directing Campaign
Against City.

El Paso, Tex., July 22.—Corroboration of the reports that Francisco Villa personally is directing a campaign that has for its immediate object the capture of Torreon, was contained in a report from General Pershing to General Funston.

The message, which was filed Thursday at Columbus, appeared to have been written the day before.

Information that had reached General Pershing at that time was that Villa with 1800 men was planning an attack on Torreon. He referred to the defeat on June 30, of the Carranza forces at Carrizal, placing the Carranza loss at 200. He added that it had been established that Villa still was suffering from the wound in his right leg.

General Calles, Carranza military chief in Sonora state, has been ordered to Mexico City, and there appears to be some doubt that he will return to the border region. It is believed that either General Estrada or General Arnulfo Gomez will succeed Calles in command of the Sonora troops.

GRAFTERS FACE TRIAL

Judge Reversed in Case of Miner
Forced to Pay for Job.

Wilkes-Barre, Pa., July 22.—Grafting mine foremen, who compel men seeking employment to pay them tribute, can be forced to trial, according to the ruling of the superior court, in reversing the decision of Judge S. J. Strauss, of county courts.

The decision is of great importance to mine workers and it was through the efforts of the officers of the United Mine Workers of America that the case was taken to the superior court.

The superior court decision came in the case of Richard Jones, a mine foreman, of the Lehigh Valley Coal company. On September 28, 1915, it is alleged that he forced Andrew Wierzbowski to pay him five dollars to hold his job.

Miss Emilia Johnson, a social worker, learned of the case, and caused the arrest of Jones. The case was fixed for trial, but counsel for Jones demanded that indictment be quashed on the claim that the indictment was not drawn in conformity with the act of assembly. The court ruled that mine foremen and miners were fellow employees of the company and that foremen could not be classed under the act to prevent extortion from workmen.

ASKS STATUS OF GUARDSMEN

Congressman Wants President to Say
Why Troops Are Kept on Border.

Washington, July 22.—Representative Madden, Republican, of Illinois, introduced a resolution in the house of representatives calling on President Wilson to inform the house why the national guard is being kept on the border, and if there still is an emergency situation in Mexico.

The measure asks specifically whether the guardsmen under orders issued so far can be sent into Mexico, and for full information of their distribution and situation.

Soldiers Will Vote at Border.

Philadelphia, July 22.—Pennsylvania soldiers, who are serving at the border, need not worry about either their votes or their debts. They will vote under the supervision of an election commission. The law provides, as far as debt is concerned, that no civil process shall be issued or enforced against any person mustered into the service of the commonwealth or of the United States during his term of service, nor until thirty days after he has been released.

The Weather.

Forecast for this section: Fair today and probably tomorrow; westerly winds.

FAIRFIELD REFORMED

Evening service, 7:30, by Dr. John Hykes, who is in charge of the American Bible Society work at Shanghai, China.

PERSONAL NOTES AND BRIEF ITEMS

Short Paragraphs of Personal
News, Telling of Guests in
Town Homes and those Visiting
out of Town.

Miss Rose Stock has returned to her home on North Washington street, from Welsh, West Virginia, where she had charge of the millinery department in a store for the past several months.

Blaine Trimmer, of Chambersburg street, has gone to York to spend several days with friends.

Mr. and Mrs. John Menchey, of Breckenridge street, have gone to Waynesboro where they will spend several days with Howard Menchey and family.

Mrs. Josephine Holtzworth has returned to her home on Baltimore street after a visit with friends at Orrtanna.

Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Slaybaugh have returned to their home in Brooklyn, after a visit at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Colestock, on York street.

Miss Kate Sachs, who has been spending the past month at her home on East Middle street, has gone to Wildwood, N. J.

Mrs. Walter Reynolds, who has been visiting at the home of her father, A. H. Butt, Chambersburg street, has returned to her home in Camden, N. J.

Peter Van Sloten, who has been spending some time with his family here, has returned to his work at Binghamton, N. Y.

Dr. T. C. Billheimer, of Springs avenue, has gone to Pine Grove, Schuylkill county, where he will preach on Sunday.

Miss Mabel Homan has returned to her home in Altoona after a visit of several weeks with friends in Gettysburg.

Miss Alvenia Calhoun, who has been visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Peter Sachs, East Middle street, has returned to her home in Philadelphia.

Miss Rebert and Miss Hall have returned to Hanover, after spending some time with Miss Ruth Kane, at her home in Cashtown.

CHURCH NOTICES

UNION SERVICE
Rev. Paul R. Pontius will preach the sermon at the evening service on college campus, Sunday, at 7:30 p. m.

ST. JAMES LUTHERAN
Sunday School, 9:15; morning service, 10:30; subject, "Beneficial Diseases"; Christian Endeavor, 6:15. The congregation will join in the union service on the college campus in the evening.

COLLEGE LUTHERAN
A. B. Wagner D. D., pastor, 9:45 a. m., Bible School, C. A. Heiges superintendent; 10:45 a. m., morning worship, with sermon by the Rev. Lyman Whitney Allen D. D., pastor of South Park Presbyterian church, Newark, N. J.

PRESBYTERIAN
Sunday School, 9:15; morning service, 10:30, with sermon by Dr. A. E. Wagner, of the College Church; Christian Endeavor, 6:30 p. m. The congregation will unite with the other churches on the college campus at 7:30.

METHODIST
R. S. Oyler, Ph. D., pastor, Sabbath School 9:30, Prof. J. H. Ashworth superintendent; preaching, 10:30, subject "Jesus the Question and the Answer"; Epworth League, 6:15, subject "How can Our League Make Our Time Better", leader C. F. Solt. The congregation will join with the other churches in union services on college campus in the evening.

EPISCOPAL
Sunday School, 9:45; morning service, 10:30.

CHURCH OF THE BRETHREN
Stratton Street: Sunday School, 9:30; preaching service at 10:30, with sermon by Rev. E. K. Leatherman; preaching at 7:30 by Bishop Hollinger. Mummaburg: preaching service at 10:00 with sermon by Rev. B. F. Lightner. Marsh Creek: Sunday School, 9:30; Christian Workers' meeting, 7:30. Friends' Grove: Sunday School, 2:30.

UNITED BRETHREN
Sunday School 9:30, E. A. Trostle superintendent; Junior Society Christian Endeavor 1:45; Christian Endeavor 6:30; evening worship 7:30, subject "Young People and Their Amusements".

BIGLERVILLE U. B.
Centre Mills: preaching, 10:00. Mt. Calvary: preaching, 2:00. Biglerville: Sunday School, 10:00; Junior Christian Endeavor, 6:00; Senior Christian Endeavor, 7:00; preaching, 8:00.

BENDERS REFORMED
Union Sunday School at 9:00; church service at 10:00.

CHRIST LUTHERAN, ASPERS
Sunday School, 9:00; Christian Endeavor, 7:45.

FAITH TABERNACLE
Sunday School, 1:30; preaching, 2:30; preaching, 7:30.

McKNIGHTSTOWN REFORMED
Morning service, 10:00.

SALEM U. B.
Sunday School, 9:00; morning worship, 10:00.

LADIES and GENTLEMAN

The Second Lot of
REDUCED OXFORDS

150 Pairs Women's Low Shoes. Good sizes—good styles—almost all sold originally at \$3 to \$4—Now \$1.48 and \$1.98. (A few pairs small sizes left from last week sale at 98c.)

50 Pairs Men's Low Shoes at \$1.98 and \$2.48, originally from \$3 to \$4.50. (A few pairs of last week's \$1.38 lot here yet.)

CASH ONLY—NO GOODS ON APPROPRIAL

ECKERT'S STORE,

"On The Square"

P. S. CHILDREN! Buster Brown and his dog Tige will be at our store on Saturday, 29th. Yes—A real live boy and dog.

PHOTOPLAY

A RACE FOR A LIFE KALEM HAZARD OF HELEN STORY

Helen jumps from the back of a horse upon a runaway engine and stops in on the brink of a river, the bridge being washed away the day before by high waters.

NERVE AND GASOLINE VIM COMEDY
Those who love to laugh at the antics of clever knockabout comedians will give this picture a hearty greeting.

AT BACHELOR'S ROOST KALEM COMEDY
Ethel (Ethel Tarrar) has too many admirers. Her father takes her to bachelor's roost where there is not a man under sixty, but Ethel and her lover outwits him.

CANNAMATED NOOS PICTORIAL NUMBER FIVE

AN amusing cartoon picture from the pen of Wallace A. Carlson. ADMISSION 5 CENTS TO ALL SHOW STARTS AT 6:30

COMING SOON—"THE STRANGE CASE OF MARY PAGE" RUNS IN THE LEADING NEWSPAPERS. ADVERTISED IN THE LEADING MAGAZINES. FEATURES EDNA MAYO.

WALTER'S THEATRE

MARIE DORO

The internationally famous actress, supported by an all-star cast. In a five part drama abounding in beautiful scenery and replete with exceptional action.

THE WOOD NYMPH

HARRY GRIEBON with the Keystone players in THE PERILS OF THE PARK A sure Grouch Chaser.

THREE SHOWS, 6:30, 8:00 and 9:30 P. M.

Admission, 10c Children 5c

Going Camping or on An Auto Trip?

TAKE ALONG A
Caloris Bottle
Pints, Quarts and Outfits.

PEOPLE'S DRUG STORE

Eagle Sportsman Shirts
The Very Thing for Outdoor
Wear
Cool—and smartly tailored.
In new weaves and color blends.
In novelty stripes and plain.
The open neck becomes a perfect fitting closed collar. A turn and a button does the trick.

ROGERS & MARTIN CO.
AGENCY FOR FOOTER'S DYE WORKS

A BIG SPECIAL

Aluminum Tea Kettle. 99 per cent Pure Aluminum. Regular value \$3.50. Our price for this lot \$1.98 each.

These kettles are especially desirable at this season when you do not always have fire in the range. You can heat water for the bath or other purposes on your gas plate or coal oil stove. The water will heat quickly and will keep hot longer than in any other kind of a kettle.

See them in our window.

Gettysburg Department Store

P I C N I C

At Bendersville, July 26th, 1916.

The Lutheran Sunday School of Bendersville will hold their annual Picnic on that day. Everybody Invited.

REFRESHMENTS OF ALL KINDS

"Music by the Citizens and P. O. S. of A. Bands".

BASEBALL GAME AT 1:30 P. M.

Bendersville vs. Arendtsville High School.

TRIM HANOVER IN GOOD GAME

Heller Pitches Great Ball while Gussie Boyne is Making Three Trips across the Plate. Fine Fielding Stunts.

Playing in real championship form the Ponies simply crashed the Raiders at Hanover on Friday with nine hits and three runs. Meanwhile Starr and his crew got only one hit off Heller and only four men reached first base during the eight innings.

The game was one of Gettysburg features. Gus Boyne got feature number one in the opening inning when he sent one high over the right field fence for the circuit. Seiffert got feature number two when he stabbed Starr's hard grounder over second as Rooney was starting for home. Leo threw out Starr at first for the third out.

Feature number three was furnished by Pete Bigler in the seventh. The Hanover wolves were on their feet demanding a run and Spencer, first up, came through with a single. Rooney sent a crashing blow down the third base line and Pete made a dive for it, knocked it down, and was on his feet in time to throw out the flying Spencer at second base. It spiked a rally right in the bud.

Feature number four was Durboraw's base running. In the third inning he stole second and then pilfered third immediately afterward. Raphun called him out though he was lying on the base when Starr tagged him. Incidentally Raphun got a blow over the heart from a foul tip and Scout Sudgen of the Detroit Tigers finished the game as umpire.

Gettysburg's runs were gleaned as follows. Gus Boyne's homer in the third yielded the initial tally. Boyne was safe in the sixth on Caddin's error. Bigler sacrificed him and he scored on Koehler's hit. In the eighth Boyne again scored. He singled and again went down on Bigler's sacrifice, and tallied on Plank's hit.

The game was called in the ninth on account of darkness.

AB	R	H	O	A	E
Durboraw, cf	4	0	2	0	0
Boyne, 1b	4	3	2	0	0
Bigler, 3b	2	0	0	0	1
Koehler, c	4	0	2	8	0
Stein, lf	3	0	0	1	0
Plank, rf	4	0	1	2	0
Seiffert, ss	4	0	2	2	1
Herman, 2b	3	0	0	3	0
Heller, p	3	0	0	1	0

AB	R	H	O	A	E
Cook, cf	4	0	0	4	0
Crowder, ss	3	0	0	2	1
Spencer, lf	3	0	1	5	0
Rooney, 1b	3	0	0	7	0
Caddin, 2b	2	0	0	2	1
Mallenee, rf	3	0	0	0	0
Starr, 3b	2	0	0	1	0
Stroh, c	2	0	0	3	2
Werden, p	3	0	0	0	4

Called in 9th on account of darkness.

AB	R	H	O	A	E
Hanover	0	0	0	0	0
Gettysburg	0	0	1	0	1
Stolen bases—Durboraw, Seiffert; home run—Boyne; left on bases—Gettysburg 7; Hanover 4; bases on balls—off Worden 2; off Heller 1; earned runs—Gettysburg 2; struck out—by Worden 1; by Heller 8; hit by pitcher—Starr; sacrifice hits—Caddin, Bigler (2); time of game—1:55; umpires—Raphun and Sudgen.					

Yesterday's Results
Gettysburg 3; Hanover 0.
Chambersburg 6; Hagerstown 4.
Frederick 5; Martinsburg 2.

	W	L	P.C.
Chambersburg	32	25	.561
Hanover	31	25	.554
Hagerstown	30	27	.526
Martinsburg	29	30	.492
Frederick	25	32	.439
Gettysburg	23	31	.426

To-Day's Games
Gettysburg at Hanover.
Chambersburg at Hagerstown.
Martinsburg at Frederick.

Monday's Games
Chambersburg at Gettysburg.
Frederick at Hanover.
Hagerstown at Martinsburg.

FAIRFIELD

Fairfield—Miss Beulah Trely, of Hagerstown, is spending several days at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. U. Neely. Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Schmitt and Mr. and Mrs. Paul Schmitt, of Pittsburgh, called on friends here on Friday. William Neely and family, of Weonah, N. J., are spending some time with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. U. Neely.

Miss Martha Moore has returned from a trip of several months to Illinois.

Miss Margaret Cunningham is visiting friends at Harrisburg.

Mrs. Israel Bair has returned to her home at New Holland after a visit of several weeks at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. S. McCreary.

WANTED: girl for general housework. Private family. Apply Times office.—advertisement.

MAROONS WON

Get Revenge over Bert Weeden's Hagerstown Crew.

Last inning rallies were staged by both the Terriers and Maroons in Friday's battle but Chambersburg had the better of the argument and won 6-4.

AB	R	H	O	A	E
Pedone, lf	3	1	2	4	0
Fuhrey, ss	2	0	1	0	3
Snyder, rf	5	2	2	1	0
Kolseth, 1b	4	1	2	1	0
Hooper, 3b	5	1	1	0	2
Clauser, 2b	3	0	2	2	3
Pownall, cf	4	1	1	1	0
Schaefer, c	2	0	1	8	0
Thormahlen, p	4	0	0	0	3

Totals 32 6 12 27 11 0

AB	R	H	O	A	E
Dysert, rf	4	1	1	0	0
Bangs, lf	4	2	0	0	0
Walters, cf	4	0	0	0	1
Hurley, 1b	4	1	1	3	0
Phoenix, 2b	4	0	1	5	0
Speraw, 3b	3	0	0	1	2
Joberty, ss	3	0	0	2	4
Dempsey, c	3	0	0	5	0
Winslow, p	2	0	0	7	0
McClary, p	1	0	0	1	0

Totals 32 4 5 27 20 1

Chambersburg 0 1 0 0 0 0 3 2-6

Hagerstown 0 0 0 2 0 0 0 2-4

Two base hits—Fuhrey, Bangs and Phoenix; three base hits—Dysert, Bangs, and Snyder; home run—Kolseth; first base on balls—off Winslow 4; off McClary 1; struck out—by Winslow 4; by Thormahlen 5; double play—Speraw to Hurley, to Speraw; stolen bases—Pownall (3), Dempsey, Pedone and Kolseth; umpire—McNamara.

FREDERICK WINS

Mountaineers Drop Another Game. Champs the Victors.

Although out-hit, Frederick had little trouble disposing of Martinsburg Friday by the score of 5-2.

AB	R	H	O	A	E
Myer, ss	4	0	1	0	5
Agnew, 2b	2	1	1	3	5
Barnhart, lf	3	2	1	1	0
Meyers, 1b	4	1	1	5	0
Orrison, rf	4	1	3	2	0
Maurer, 3b	4	0	2	2	0
Bashore, cf	4	0	0	3	0
Hartline, c	4	0	0	2	0
Benson, p	1	0	0	1	3

Totals 30 5 9 27 17 5

Martinsburg

AB	R	H	O	A	E
Lang, 3b	5	0	0	1	3
Dean, 2b	4	0	0	3	1
Percy, rf	4	1	2	2	0
Rawlings, lf	3	0	1	0	0
Bates, ss	4	0	3	1	2
Johnson, c	4	0	1	7	2
Blue, 1b	4	1	2	9	0
Morris, cf	4	0	0	1	1
Binkle, p	1	0	1	0	0
Goodwin, p	3	0	0	0	1

Totals 36 2 10 24 12 5

Frederick 2 0 2 0 0 0 1 x-5

Martinsburg 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 1-2

Two base hits—Barnhart, Orrison and Blue; stolen bases—Agnew, Meyers and Orrison (3); struck out—by Goodwin 5; by Benson 1; first base on balls—off Binkle 3; off Goodwin 2; off Benson 1; umpire—Marks.

McSHERRYSTOWN

McSherrystown—Mr. and Mrs. Emory Bollinger left Thursday on an extended trip to Buffalo, Niagara Falls, and other points.

Mr. and Mrs. P. H. McKenna, of Philadelphia, are visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Timmins.

John Baker, of Taneytown, visited friends in this place on Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. E. D. Harner and Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Shorb are on a few days' automobile trip to Washington, D. C.

J. Preston Smith, of this place; D. A. Frommeyer, Nicholas Wagner, George A. Chrismer, and Edward T. Smith, of Hanover, motored to Littlestown, Westminster, and Baltimore, on Thursday, in Mr. Smith's car.

Mrs. Cletus Denlinger and daughter, Virginia, have returned to their home in Lancaster, after spending several weeks at the home of Mr. and Mrs. George F. Bender.

Mr. and Mrs. William Becker and children, Marion and Howard, of Brooklyn, N. Y., arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. George F. Hemler, where they will spend some time.

Mrs. John Gillespie and Miss Hester Keeny, of Littlestown, spent Wednesday with Mrs. George F. Bender.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Bream and daughter, S. L. Johns and daughter Helen, of Midway, made an automobile trip to Gettysburg on Thursday.

STILL PLAYING

Players to Manage Lonaconing Team of Potomac League.

While the backers of the Lonaconing club, Potomac League, threw up the sponge and the players were released, Lonaconing has decided to stay in the league. The players have taken up the management on their own hook and will try to weather it through the season. At a meeting of the league it was decided to split the season, the second half going into effect on Thursday. The pennant for the first half goes to Frostburg. The season, instead of ending September 4, will be continued until September 17, in order that the teams will play an equal number of games. It also was decided to split the gate receipts 60-40, the visiting team to get 40 per cent.

July 31—Opening of Annual School for Marine Officers.

LETTERS FROM COUNTY TOWNS

Correspondents Send in Items of Personal and General Interest in their Communities. Short Paragraphs.

YORK SPRINGS

York Springs—Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Grove and their guests, Miss Pearl Thomas and Miss Blanche Myers, enjoyed a four days' motor trip to Washington, D. C., last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank C. Myers and daughter, Mary Lee, of Newark, N. J., are guests of Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Myers.

Dr. and Mrs. J. Bruce McCreary and daughter, Nancy, of Shippensburg, Mr. and Mrs. Harold McCreary and two year old son, of Louisville, Kentucky, made a short visit with G. L. Deardorff and then took supper with E. Kenton Gardner, returning to Shippensburg the same evening.

Margaret Asper, daughter of Dr. Guy Asper, Chambersburg, is visiting her aunt, Mrs. E. Kenton Gardner.

William M. Gardner has returned to Pittsburgh, after a ten days' visit with his brother, E. K. Gardner.

Mr. and Mrs. E. G. Underwood and daughter, Helen, and son, Horatius, Miss Tillie Myer, all of Schuylkill Haven, and Daniel Utz, of York Springs; Mr. and Mrs. Luther Getz and son, Luther, Miss Emma Boemman, of York, and Miss Anna Boemman, of Delaware, Sundayed with John W. King and family, of Huntingtown township.

Charles Walls and family, of Williams Grove, and Mr. and Mrs. J. K. Hoffman, of East Berlin, were here over the week-end as guests of George C. Shealer and family.

Mr. and Mrs. Noah Beamer, Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Beamer, of Arendtsville, were guests of Blaine Beamer and family over Sunday.

Roy Taylor and brother, Charles, of Arendtsville, were the guests of Robert H. Gibb on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Young and two daughters arrived in York Springs on Thursday, having motored in from Youngstown, Ohio, in their car. While here they are the guests of Mrs. Young's mother, Mrs. John A. Wierman.

Dr. Charles G. Neely, of Philadelphia, and Edgar L. Neely, of Prescott, Wisconsin, are spending the week in town.

Mrs. D. F. Stary is spending the week at Lees X Roads, the guest of Mrs. Guy Martin.

Mrs. Q. W. Hershey arrived in York Springs from an extended visit to her sister in Rochester. Mrs. Hershey also visited her grandmother in Canada who is over a century in age.

TRACT

Tract—Elbert Dicken and family, James White and family and Elroy Ashbaugh motored to Guldens on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. James Kime visited Robert Stoltz on Sunday.

Miss Bertha Warren spent Sunday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Warren.

Elbert Dicken and family, George Warren and family, Mr. and Mrs. Preston Weikert, Mrs. John Overholzer and son, Charles, spent Thursday evening with Robert Stoltz and family.

Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Shorb entertained on Sunday Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Shorb, daughter, Kathryn, and sons, Edward and Perry, of Keyville.

Mr. and Mrs. David Guise and daughter, Anna, Mr. and Mrs. George Shorb and four children, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Shorb and two sons, and Mr. and Mrs. McClellan spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. William Staley.

Miss Mary Miller, of Waynesboro, is spending a week with Mr. and Mrs. David Dubel.

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ASPERS, Pa.

Saturday AUGUST 19, '16.

Refreshments of all kinds.

Music by the Citizen's Band.

Active Workers of Christ Lutheran Church

July 31—Opening of Annual School for Marine Officers.

HOWARD IS NOT WELL TREATED

Claims Hagerstown Fan who Says Team Does not Put Forth Best Efforts when he is Pitching.

That Earl Howard is not getting support from his team-mates at Hagerstown and that Hank Smith, who was released after the Gettysburg game Thursday, was the victim of the same treatment is the allegation contained in a letter written by a fan to the Hagerstown Mail. It follows:

Editor Daily Mail:

This has to do with base ball in Hagerstown or more particularly with the Hagerstown team of the Blue Ridge League. To be frank: There is something rotten in Denmark. In fact too much favoritism is shown by the management, and in some instances by the players, or certain of them, and the right kind of support is not given to particular pitchers. For this the management is to blame, and none other.

Take the case of Smith yesterday. He was taken from the game without any reason whatever. It was evident from the very first that he was not to get support. The same thing is true with Howard. The team will not support him. The fans know why these two pitchers have been getting the worst of it: They are not from the New England League and the management has favorites that he wants to play instead. If you don't believe this just look around. Tobie, a pitcher that was, is back in town looking for a place. Benson also wants to be given another chance, after half a season of doing nothing, and Weeden wants him back.

What does this show? Favoritism, etc., but it is the kind of stuff that the Hagerstown fans will not stand for. Perhaps some of the "sport writers" will try to explain "Why" to save Manager Weeden, yet the writer happens to know that Monk Walters, who played a rotten game yesterday, apparently on purpose, told Smith within the hearing of several persons that he would "lay down" on him whenever he pitched. Some loyalty to the team, this!

Pitcher Howard apparently gets the same kind of a deal from the New England crowd; and he has been getting a rotten deal ever since. Owner Boyer signed him.

Another thing: It begins to look as though the local team, to a more or less extent, is suffering with nightitis—that ailment that some of the other towns in the circuit believe responsible for the loss of games.

Anyhow things have reached the stage when it is time to call a halt, or there will be no base ball in Hagerstown next year.

Owner Boyer should see to it that his interest, which is the team, is better protected. He should also see that the fans, who support the team, get some consideration if he expects their financial aid in the future.

Hagerstown has a good team, but there is something altogether wrong with the management or there would be no favoritism shown. Cut out the favoritism and let every player stand on his own ability and it will only be a matter of a few days before a big improvement is shown in the team and its playing ability.

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THE GETTYSBURG TIMES

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TO OUR READERS

The Gettysburg Times takes absolutely no part in politics, being neutral on all such matters. Anything that appears in our general news columns, concerning state or national politics, is furnished us by The American Press Association, a concern which gives the same news to Republican, Democratic, Prohibition, or Socialist papers and which is strictly non-partisan.

YAQUIS OF MEXICO

An Indian Tribe Notorious For Its
Savage Practices.

EVER DEFIANT AND WARLIKE.

Never Thoroughly Conquered, They
Have Been Fanatically Fighting Four
Centuries For the Land They Held
Before Columbus Was Born.

The story of the Yaquis of Mexico is one of the most remarkable narratives in history. It has never been told in English except in more or less fragmentary fashion, and the English speaking world has missed thereby a romance worth reading.

The tale is liberally blotted with blood, and stained with incidents of savage torture and treachery, for the Yaquis are a savage people, but running through it from beginning to end are a fanatic love of country, an indomitable courage and a hardihood that have never been exceeded.

In certain parts of Mexico the name of Yaqui has acquired terrors almost legendary among the ignorant classes. It has become a term with which to frighten children. Even on the American side of the border the Yaqui often gets credit for being a more terrible person than he really is. In point of fact the Yaquis are the Apaches of Mexico, with rather more than the Apaches' ability for organization and stubborn resistance.

Aided by the fact that the government opposed to them has always been considerably weaker than that of the United States and by the inaccessibility of the country that they love so dearly, they have the distinction of being the only Indian tribe that has never been thoroughly and completely conquered by the whites. There have always been defiant Yaqui outlaws in the hills.

The story of the Yaquis is the story of their wars. Almost a century before the landing of the Pilgrims in New England an army of Spaniards with their Indian allies moved northward from Mexico City, conquering everything in their path. When they reached the bank of the Yaqui river they were met by a large band of Indians whose leader drew a line in the soft earth.

That line he forbade the Spaniards to cross. The white men opened fire with their cannon, but after a brief engagement the Yaquis routed them. The old Spanish chronicler states that he had fought with most of the Mexican Indian tribes, but he says, "I have never seen Indians fight like these."

That was almost 400 years ago, and since then the Yaquis have fought almost without cessation. The Mexican estimate that there have been almost 300 years of actual fighting between Mexicans and Yaquis.

Of late years the Mexican government had been adopting the only policy against the tribe which gave promise of eventual success in quelling their fighting spirit. This was the plan of deportation, by which the Indians were sent from Sonora to far away Yucatan as laborers on the plantations. This is said to be the only fate that frightens the Yaquis.

It is easy to idealize the Yaquis at a distance for their courage, their hardihood and their love of country, just as it is easy to paint them as impossible demons for their cruelty and treachery.

They have undoubtedly practiced savage tortures on their captives in the past, just as they have undoubtedly broken treaties with the Mexican government, but it is just as true that they are guided by a savage code of ethics and are fighting for land that in the last analysis belongs to them, for they held it before Columbus was born.

In flesh and blood the Yaqui is not a particularly romantic figure. He is the common laborer of Sonora, the peon, the herder of cattle and the tiller of the soil. In the Mexican towns of the district many of the servants are Yaquis. One of the chief difficulties in subduing them has been the highly developed clan spirit that prevails among them.

The outlaw from the hills, hard pressed, slips his rifle into a mesquite bush and enters some peaceful village of his people, where everybody will swear that he has lived there for years.

The Yaqui is a medium sized individual as a rule, rather stocky built, with a face broader and browner than that of the North American Indian whom the tourist sees in the west and who adorns our buffalo nickels. His wiry endurance is truly remarkable. Four centuries of almost continual warfare interspersed with the hardest of hard work on the ranches, have made him

rough as leather. He will travel for days at high speed through desert and mountain with little or no food; he will work all day in the fields under a sun glare that reaches 150 degrees heat in the direct rays. In fact, one of the chief problems in connection with the deportation scheme for handling the Yaqui is that of filling his place as a laborer in Sonora.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Some Famous Old Men.

Palmerston was premier at eighty-one. Gladstone at eighty-three. Metternich and Bismarck were driven out of power at seventy-five. Talleyrand was a power till his death at eighty-four. Guizot died eighty-six. Von Moltke died nearly eighty-eight. Ranke began his history of the world at eighty and wrote twelve volumes before he was ninety-one, while Buffon and Goethe were active octogenarians.—New York Post.

AN ACTOR'S REAL TRAGEDY.

Pathos of John McCullough's Last Appearance on Any Stage.

John McCullough, the tragedian, died in an insane asylum. Writing about the famous actor's last appearance on any stage, E. H. Sothern in his "Reminiscences" in Scribner's says:

He went through a scene in "The Gladiator," then he went to the last scene in "Virginius," where Virginius raves after he has killed his daughter; then to Othello's farewell speech, one he had often told me that his great master, Edwin Forrest, had only read to his own satisfaction once in his life:

Oh, now, farewell
Farewell the tranquil mind; farewell content!
Farewell the plumed troop and the big wars
That make ambition virtue! Oh, farewell!
Farewell the neighing steed and the shrill trump,
The spirit-stirring drum, the ear-piercing fife,
The royal banner, and all quality,
Pride, pomp and circumstance of glorious war!
And, oh, you mortal engines, whose rude throats
The immortal Jove's dread clamors counterfeit,
Farewell! Othello's occupation's gone.

It was pitiful in the extreme to hear McCullough read this at any time and, treble so now. He wandered through others of his various characters, the people about him weeping and seeking to hide their grief. At length he drifted into the part of Cardinal Richelieu.

He played the scene in the garden where Baradas, the creature of the king, comes to take Richelieu's ward away from him. He had spoken the tender speech of protection to Julie, and now Richelieu says to Joseph, who holds him up on one side while his ward assists him on the other, "Well, well, we will go home!" Here he walks feebly up the stage. Baradas, seeing how broken he is, says aside to De Berghen, "His mind and life are breaking fast." Richelieu overhears him, turns with his old fury and cries: "Irreverent rascal! If so, beware the falling ruin! I tell thee, scoundrel of these whitening hairs, when this snow melteth there shall come a flood. Avaunt! My name is Richelieu! I defy thee! Walk blindfold on—behind thee stalks the headsman—aha! How pale he glares—God save my country!" And he falls fainting as the act ends.

Poor McCullough went up the stage at "Well, well, we will go home." Baradas said his line, the tears streaming down his face. "His mind and life are breaking fast," McCullough threw Joseph and Julie off as he turned on Baradas and began: "Irreverent rascal! If so, beware the falling ruin," and stopped dazed.

He looked at the weeping Baradas, at Julie sobbing, at the rest of the company standing about overcome with grief and terror, and collapsed utterly.

Care of Gloves.

When putting gloves on always begin by buttoning the second button; then, when buttoned to the top, you can easily fasten the first button without tearing the kid. Never remove the glove by pulling the fingers, but by drawing the part covering the wrist over the hand and leaving them thus wrong side out for some time before turning them to their proper shape. Always lay gloves lengthwise; never roll them.

Household Hints.

To keep the whites of eggs from falling back before using add a pinch of cream of tartar to the half beaten whites and beat until stiff.

A little paraffin wax shaved into starch while hot will make clothes hold their shape longer and iron easier.

Acid fruit will require much less sugar if a little soda is stirred in before adding sugar.



THE SEA WOLF

JACK LONDON

SYNOPSIS.

CHAPTER I—Humphrey Van Weyden, critic and dilettante, is thrown into the water by the sinking of a ferryboat in a fog in San Francisco bay, and becomes unconscious before help reaches him.

CHAPTER II—On coming to his senses he finds himself aboard the sealing schooner Ghost, Captain Wolf Larsen, bound to Japan waters, witnesses the death of the first mate and hears the captain curse the dead man for presuming to die at the beginning of the voyage.

CHAPTER III—The captain refuses to put Humphrey ashore and makes him a cabin boy "for the good of his soul." Humphrey sees the body of the mate dumped into the sea.

CHAPTER IV—He begins to learn potting and dish washing under the cook's eye. Mugridge, is caught by a heavy sea shipped over the quarter as he is carrying tea aft and his knee is seriously hurt, but no one pays any attention to his injury.

CHAPTER V—Humphrey's quarters are changed aft. Mugridge steals his money and chases him when accused of it. Wolf Larsen kills him for throwing ashes overboard to windward. Later he listens to Wolf give his idea—"like yeast, a ferment... the big eat the little..."

CHAPTER VI—Cooky is jealous of Humphrey and hates him. Wolf Larsen, a seaman and makes it the basis for another philosophic discussion with Humphrey.

CHAPTER VII.

At last, after three days of variable winds, we have caught the northeast trades. I came on deck, after a good night's rest in spite of my poor knee, to find the Ghost foaming along, wing-and-wing, and every sail drawing except the jibs, with a fresh breeze astern. Ten knots, twelve knots, eleven knots, varying from time to time, is the speed we are making. And ever out of the northeast the brave wind blows, driving us on our course 250 miles between the dawns.

Each day grows perceptibly warmer. In the second dog-watch the sailors come on deck, stripped, and heave buckets of water upon one another from overside. Flying fish are beginning to be seen, and during the night the watch above scrambles over the deck in pursuit of those that fall aboard. In the morning Thomas Mugridge being duly bribed, the galley is pleasantly a-reck with the odor of their frying, while dolphin meat is served fore and aft on such occasions as Johnson catches the blazing beauties from the bowsprit end.

The days and nights are "all a wonder and a wild delight," and though I have little time from my dreary work, I steal odd moments to gaze and gaze at the unending glory of what I never dreamed the world possessed. I do not forget one night, when I should have been asleep, of lying on the forecastle head and gazing down at the spectral ripple of foam thrust aside by the Ghost's forefoot. It sounded like the gurgling of a brook over mossy stones in some quiet dell, and the crooning song of it lulled me away and out of myself till I was no longer Humphrey the cabin-boy, nor Van Weyden, the man who had dreamed away thirty-five years among books. But a voice behind me, the unmistakable voice of Wolf Larsen, strong with the invincible certitude of the man and mellow with appreciation of the words he was quoting, aroused me.

"O the blazing tropic night, when the wake's a welt of light
That holds the hot sky tame,
And the steady forefoot mores through the planet-powdered floors
Where the scared whale flukes in flame.

Her plates are scarred by the sun, dear lass,
And her ropes are taut with the dew,
For we're booming down on the old trail,
Our own trail, the out trail,
We're sagging south on the Long Trail—the trail that is always new."

"Eh, Hump? How's it strike you?" he asked, after the due pause which the words and setting demanded.

I looked into his face. It was aglow with light, as the sea itself, and the eyes were flashing in the starshine.

"It strikes me as remarkable, to say the least, that you should show enthusiasm," I answered coldly.

"Why, man, it's living! It's life!" he cried.

"Which is a cheap thing and without value," I flung his words at him.

He laughed, and it was the first time I had heard honest mirth in his voice.

"Ah I cannot get you to understand, cannot drive it into your head, what a thing this life is. Of course life is valueless except to itself. And I can tell you that my life is pretty valuable just now—to myself. It is beyond price, which you will acknowledge is a terrific overrating, but which I cannot help, for it is the life that is in me that makes the rating."

He left me as suddenly as he had come, springing to the deck with the weight and softness of a tiger. Sometimes I think him mad, or half mad at least, what of his strange moods and vagaries. At other times I take him for a great man, a genius who has never arrived. He is certainly an individualist of the most pronounced type. Not only that, but he is very lonely. His tremendous virility and mental strength wall him apart. Men are more like children to him, even the hurrers, and as children he treats

them, descending perforce to their level and playing with them as a man plays with puppies. Or else he probes them with the cruel hand of a vivisectionist, groping about in their mental processes as though to see of what soul-stuff is made.

While on the question of vagaries, I shall tell what befell Thomas Mug-

ridge in the cabin, and at the same time complete an incident upon which I have already touched once or twice. The twelve o'clock dinner was over, one day, and I had just finished putting the cabin in order, when Wolf Larsen and Thomas Mugridge descended the companion stairs. Though the cook had a cubbyhole of a stateroom opening off from the cabin, in the cabin itself he had never dared to linger or to be seen, and he flitted to and fro, once or twice a day, like a timid specter.

"So you know how to play 'Nap,'" Wolf Larsen was saying in a pleased sort of voice. "I might have guessed



"He Leaned His Head on His Hands and Wept."

an Englishman would know. I learned it myself in English ships."

Thomas Mugridge was beside himself, a blithering imbecile, so pleased was he at chumming thus with the captain. The little airs he put on and the painful striving to assume the easy carriage of a man born to a dignified place in life would have been sickening had they not been ludicrous. He quite ignored my presence, though I credited him with being simply unable to see me. His pale, wishy-washy eyes were swimming like lazy summer seas, though what blissful visions they beheld were beyond my imagination.

"Get the cards, Hump," Wolf Larsen ordered, as they took seats at the table. "And bring out the cigars and the whisky you'll find in my berth."

I returned with the articles in time to hear the cockney hinting broadly that there was a mystery about him, that he might be a gentleman's son gone wrong or something of other; also, that he was a remittance man and was paid to keep away from England—"pyed 'ansomely to sling my 'ook an' keep slingin' it."

I had brought the customary liquor glasses, but Wolf Larsen frowned, shook his head, and signaled with his hands for me to bring the tumblers. These he filled two-thirds full with undiluted whisky—"a gentleman's drink," quoth Thomas Mugridge—and they clinked their glasses to the glorious game of "Nap," lighted cigars and fell to shuffling and dealing the cards.

They played for money. They increased the amounts of the bets. They drank whisky, they drank it neat, and I fetched more. I do not know whether Wolf Larsen cheated or not—a thing he was thoroughly capable of doing—but he won steadily. The cook made repeated journeys to his bunk for money. Each time he performed the journey with greater swagger, but he never brought more than a few dollars at a time. He grew maudlin, fawning, could hardly see the cards or sit upright. As a preliminary to another journey to his bunk, he hooked Wolf Larsen's buttonhole with a greasy forefinger and vacuously proclaimed and reiterated, "I got money. I got money, I tell yer, an' I'm a gentleman's son."

Wolf Larsen was unaffected by the drink, yet he drank glass for glass, and if anything his glasses were fuller. There was no change in him. He did not appear even amused at the other's antics.

In the end, with loud protestations that he could lose like a gentleman, the cook's last money was staked on the game and lost. Whereupon he leaned his head on his hands and wept. Wolf Larsen looked curiously at him, as though about to probe and vivisect him, then changed his mind, as from the foregoing conclusion that there was nothing there to probe.

"Hump," he said to me elaborately polite, "kindly take Mr. Mugridge's arm and help him up on deck. He is not feeling very well."

And tell Johnson to douse him with a few buckets of salt water," he added, in a lower tone for my ear alone.

I left Mr. Mugridge on deck, in the hands of a couple of grinning sailors who had been told off for the purpose. Mr. Mugridge was sleepily spluttering that he was a gentleman's son. But as I descended the companion stairs to clear the table I heard him shriek as the first bucket of water struck him.

Wolf Larsen was counting his win-

"One hundred and eighty-five dollars even," he said aloud. "Just as I thought. The beggar came aboard without a cent."

"And what you have won is mine, sir," I said boldly.

He favored me with a quizzical smile. "Hump, I have studied some grammar in my time, and I think your tenses are tangled. 'Was mine,' you should have said, not 'is mine.'"

"It is a question not of grammar but of ethics," I answered.

It was possibly a minute before he spoke. "Dye know, Hump," he said, with a slow seriousness which had in it an indefinable strain of sadness, "that this is the first time I have heard the word 'ethics' in the mouth of a man. You and I are the only men on this ship who know its meaning."

"At one time in my life," he continued, after another pause, "I dreamed that I might some day talk with men who used such language, that I might lift myself out of the place in life in which I had been born, and hold conversation and mingle with men who talked about just such things as ethics. And this is the first time I have ever heard the word pronounced. Which is all by the way, for you are wrong. It is a question, neither of grammar nor ethics, but of fact."

"I understand," I said. "The fact is that you have the money."

His face brightened. He seemed pleased at my perspicacity.

"But you wrong me by withholding it," I objected.

"Not at all. One man cannot wrong another man. He can only wrong himself. As I see it, I do wrong always when I consider the interests of others. Don't you see? How can two particles of the yeast wrong each other by striving to devour each other? It is their inborn heritage to strive to devour, and to strive not to be devoured. When they depart from this they sin."

"Then you don't believe in altruism?" I asked.

He received the word as if it had a familiar ring, though he pondered it thoughtfully. "Let me see, it means something about co-operation, doesn't it. 'Oh, yes, I remember it now. I ran across it in Spencer.'"

"Spencer?" I cried. "Have you read him?"

"Not very much," was his confession. His Psychology left me butting around in the doldrums for many a day. But I did get something out of his 'Data of Ethics.' There's where I ran across 'altruism,' and I remember now how it was used."

"What else did you run across?" I asked.

"In as few words as possible," he began, "Spencer puts it something like this: First, a man must act for his own benefit—to do this is to be moral and good. Next, he must act for the benefit of his children. And third, he must act for the benefit of his race."

"And the highest, finest, right conduct," I interjected, "is that act which benefits at the same time the man, his children, and his race."

"I wouldn't stand for that," he replied. "Couldn't see the necessity for it, nor the common sense. I cut out the race and the children. Any sacrifice that makes me lose one crawl or squirm is foolish—and not only foolish, for it is a wrong against myself and a wicked thing. I must not lose one crawl or squirm if I am to get the most out of the ferment. Nor will the eternal movelessness that is coming to me be made easier or harder by the sacrifices or selfishness of the time when I was yeasty and acrawl."

"Then you see a man, one could not

trust in the least thing where it was possible for a selfish interest to intervene?"

"Now you're beginning to understand," he said, brightening.

"You are a man utterly without what the world calls morals?"

"That's it."

"A man of whom to be always afraid—"

"That's the way to put it."

"As one is afraid of a snake, or a tiger, or a shark?"

"Now you know me," he said. "And you know me as I am generally known. Other men call me 'Wolf.'"

"You are a sort of monster," I added audaciously, "a Caliban who has pondered Setebos, and who acts as you act, in idle moments, by whim and fancy."

His brow clouded at the allusion. He did not understand, and I quickly learned that he did not know the poem.

"I'm just reading Browning," he confessed, "and it's pretty tough. I haven't got very far along, and as it is I've about lost my bearings."

Not to be tiresome, I shall say that I fetched the book from his stateroom and read "Caliban" aloud. He was delighted. It was a primitive mode of reasoning and of looking at things that he understood thoroughly. He interrupted again and again with comment and criticism. When I finished, he had me read it over a second time, and a third. We fell into discussion—philosophy, science, evolution, religion. Time passed. Supper was at hand and the table not laid. I became restless and anxious, and when Thomas Mugridge glared down the companionway, sick and angry of countenance, I prepared to go about my duties. But Wolf Larsen cried out to him:

"Cooky, you've got to hustle tonight. I'm busy with Hump, and you'll do the best you can without him."

And again the unprecedented was established. That night I sat at table with the captain and the hunters, while Thomas Mugridge waited on and washed the dishes afterward—a whim, a Caliban-mood of Wolf Larsen's, and one I foresaw would bring

me trouble. In the meantime we talked and talked, much to the disgust of the hunters, who could not understand a word.

(Continued on Monday)

He Realized Its Truth.
"It was Shakespeare, wasn't it, who said: 'Sweet are the uses of adversity?' " Shakespeare may have said it originally, but I heard it from a lawyer who had pocketed 65 per cent of an estate.—Boston Transcript.

O TRESPASSING

All persons are warned not to trespass on the premises of the undersigned, for the purpose of taking game in any manner; or for fishing, or in any way injuring or destroying property. All persons violating the law of the Commonwealth with regard to trespassing on lands of the undersigned will be dealt with under the provisions of the Act of April 14, 1905.

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ANGLO-FRENCH EXTEND GROUND

Fierce German Counter Attacks Are Checked.

THE FRENCH LINES HOLD

British Offensive Clears Fouraux Wood But Germans Regain Part of Lost Ground.

London, July 22.—The Anglo-French offensive in northern France is being pushed vigorously.

The French are holding tenaciously to the ground gained and the British are fighting their way slowly into the German lines.

Driving north from Bazentin and Longueval toward Bapaume, General Sir Douglas Haig's forces have advanced as far as the Fouraux wood. The British rush even cleared this wood, but subsequently the Germans won back a part of it.

A statement given out by the German war office declared that an attack by British forces against the Germans at Fromelles, north of La Basse, on Wednesday resulted in the loss by the attackers of more than 2000 killed and nearly 500 taken prisoner.

The statement admits that the German line along a front of about three kilometers (two miles), south of Hardecourt was driven from its first trenches into its second trenches, 800 meters in the rear. Enemy forces penetrated into the German salient at the wood of Vermandovillers.

The British statement follows: "The battle continues without intermission between the Leipzig redoubt on the west and Delville wood on the east. North of the Babentin-Longueval line the British advance has been pushed to Fouraux wood, from which we drove the enemy.

"During the night the enemy counter attacked after an intense bombardment with gas shells and succeeded in effecting entry into the northern part of the wood, but failed to dislodge us from the southern half.

"Elsewhere there is no change."

The Berlin statement says: "An attack by the English in the region of Fromelles on Wednesday was executed, we have established, by two strong divisions. The brave Bavarian division, before whose front the attack took place, counted on the ground in front of them more than 2000 enemy killed and brought in 481 prisoners, including ten officers and sixteen machine guns.

"On both sides of the Somme the enemy, as was expected, prepared to deliver a main blow, but failed. After the strongest fire preparation over a front of about forty kilometers (about twenty-seven miles), attacks were made from south of Rozières to west of Vermandovillers. More than seven hundred divisions, with more than 200,000 men, participated in the attacks.

"The result for the enemy is that the first line of the German division along a front of about three kilometers south of Hardecourt was pressed back from its foremost trenches into the next trenches, lying 800 meters behind, and enemy divisions penetrated into the salient of the little wood of Vermandovillers."

German losses since July 1 are estimated at more than 200,000. Several regiments from Belgium fell of an endless string of hospital trains going eastward nightly.

As for allied losses, it is impossible to give an estimate. They, too, must be exceedingly heavy, for an advance under modern conditions, through mazes of redoubts and entanglements, is costly. But the toll of attack and counter attack has not diminished the fierceness of the battle. On both the French and British lines the struggle continues, with the Germans contesting furiously every inch of the ground.

U-Boat Shells English Town.
Berlin, July 22.—The German admiral reported that a German submarine, on July 11, shelled the iron works at Seaham on the English east coast. From July 10 to July 14 the German submarines have destroyed near the English east coast nine steam trawlers, seven of them British.

Family Accidentally Poisoned.
Lebanon, Pa., July 22.—The five-year-old granddaughter of Mrs. Elizabeth Ulrich dropped a spoon of corn into a kettle where corn was being boiled. Mrs. Ulrich, her three sons and three harvest hands are all ill from the poison, Mrs. Ulrich being in a serious condition.

Freed of Graft Charges.
Ottawa, Ont., July 22.—Sir Sam Hughes, minister of militia, is held by the Meredith-Duff royal committee innocent of responsibility for the negotiation of government fuse contracts with American munitions manufacturers from which they were alleged to have unduly profited.

To Start Dye Factory.
Quincy, Ill., July 22.—Within ten days work will begin on a dye factory in this city. The plant will be in operation by October 1, and will manufacture all standard colors. The plant, it is said, will be the only one manufacturing raw materials for dyes west of Buffalo, N. Y.

Something New.
The Lady—"Didn't I hear you quote Omaha Khayyam just now?" The Broker—"I think not. In fact, I don't think I ever heard of the stock."—Boston Transcript.

BASE BALL SCORES

Following is the Result of Games Played Yesterday.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At Philadelphia—Cleveland, 7; Athletics, 2. Batteries—Coulton, Dally; Nantz, Meyer.

At Washington—Chicago, 7; Washington, 5. Batteries—Scott, Schalk; Dumont, Henry.

Other games postponed, rain.

Standing of the Clubs.

W. L. P. C. W. L. P. C.

N. York. 50 36 581 Washn. 46 29 535

Boston. 48 35 571 Detroit. 45 42 517

Cleveland 49 38 569 St. Louis. 47 48 455

Chicago. 46 39 541 Athletics 19 61 237

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Cincinnati—Philadelphia, 6; Cincinnati, 4. (10 innings) Batteries—Rixey, Killefer; Schneider, Wingo.

At Chicago—New York, 2; Chicago, 1. Batteries—Tresreau, Rariden; Packard, Fischer.

At St. Louis—Boston, 4; St. Louis, 3. Batteries—Tyler, Gowdy; Ames, Gonzales.

Pittsburgh-Brooklyn, rain.

Standing of the Clubs.

W. L. P. C. W. L. P. C.

Brooklyn. 46 32 590 Pittsburg. 37 40 481

Boston. 42 33 560 Chicago. 40 45 471

Philadelphia. 43 34 558 St. Louis. 40 47 460

N. York. 39 40 494 Cincinnati. 35 51 407

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The KITCHEN CUPBOARD

The Salad Bowl.

DAINTY SALAD.—For the salad materials use sliced bananas and pineapple, halved and seeded white grapes and a bit over twice their bulk of oranges. For the dressing cook three teaspoonfuls of butter with two of sugar and three beaten egg yolks until thick; then add seasoning of salt, paprika and celery salt and the juice of a lemon. Beat well and cool. When blending the dressing and salad add some cut nuts and garnish with whipped cream and cherries. Use lemon juice for salad dressing in place of vinegar and you will find that there is a vast improvement in flavor. This is true in almost any recipe that calls for vinegar.

Stuffed Tomato Salad.—Take about six smooth, medium sized tomatoes. Scald, remove the skins and cut out the hearts and all the seeds. Invert and put on ice to cool and drain; then prepare the filling as follows:

Pare an apple and dice it; then add about half a bunch of celery, a quarter cupful of pecans or any kind of nuts, and half a cupful of chopped chicken. Mix with any salad dressing that has been thinned with whipped cream until it is of the right consistency. After filling the tomatoes and placing on head lettuce, put a tablespoonful of dressing on top.

Tomato and Mushroom Salad.—Select medium sized, smooth skinned tomatoes, pour hot water over them for a moment, remove their skins and chill on ice. Chop one cup canned mushrooms small, mix with them one small, finely minced onion and one-half cup finely chopped celery. Moisten with a good mayonnaise. Cut a small piece off the top of each tomato, carefully scoop out the seeds and fill with the mushroom mixture. Put one spoonful mayonnaise on the top of each and serve on crisp shredded lettuce leaves.

Log Cabin Salad.—Place the fronds of cooked asparagus in log cabin fashion in center of cabin with chicken, crab or lobster salad. Shape up for a roof, cover roof with mayonnaise dressing. Serve with a small ramekin of Russian dressing with this salad on the side of the dish.

Mrs. H. F. Smith, Smith's Hat Shop
13 Chambersburg St., Gettysburg
wishes to announce that she has
leased the HOTEL

SEA SCREST

St. James Place
Atlantic City N. J.
Modern in every
respect. Excellent
table. Large porch. Ocean view bathing
from Hotel, etc., where she will be
pleased to meet her friends and customers
the coming season. For further information
or reservation write her direct or in-
quire.

SMITH'S HAT SHOP

WANTED

Full grown female
Bull Dog.

Chas. Hess,

Reaser Furniture Factory,
or Address Biglerville

SEASHORE

Low Rate
VIA READING RAILWAY
THURSDAYS, JULY
13-27; AUG. 10-24; SEPT. 7.
Sixteen Day Tickets.
\$4.75.

CHARTER NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania on the 22nd day of August, 1916, under the Act of Assembly, entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved April 29, 1874, and the supplements thereto, for the Charter of an intended corporation to be called THE ORRTANA GARMENT FACTORY, INCORPORATED, the character and object of which is manufacturing and selling shirts, shirt-waists, overalls, garments and wearing apparel of every kind, and for these purposes to have, possess, and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges of said Acts of Assembly.

HOWARD M. BNGAMAN,
Solicitor.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE

Letters Testamentary on the estate of David B. Hewitt, late of the Borough of Bendersville, Adams County, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and persons having claims against said estate to present the same, duly authenticated, to,

GEORGE R. RUTZAHN,
Executor.
Or to,
William Hersh, Esq.,
Bendersville, Pa.
Attorney. July 10th, 1916.

PUBLIC SALE

OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE

ON SATURDAY, AUGUST 19, 1916.
The undersigned, Administrator of the estate of James H. Sherman, late Mount Joy Township, Adams County, Pa., deceased, by virtue of an order of the Orphan's Court of Adams County, will expose at public sale, upon the premises, the following described real estate, on Saturday, August 19th, 1916, at 1 o'clock, P. M.:

A tract of land situate in Mount Joy and Mount Pleasant Townships, Adams County, Pa., on the road leading from Two Taverns to Bonneauville and about one mile from Two Taverns; adjoining lands of Robert Lott, heirs of John May, Sarah Hartlaub, Maria Feeser, Joseph Coughlin, Catharine Ausburn, Samuel Foulk, A. Fissel, Henry Sachs and others; containing one hundred and twenty acres, more or less; 5 acres more or less, covered with timber, and the balance being improved land under good cultivation and very productive.

This farm is improved with a large two-story stone and weatherboarded dwelling house, with back building attached; large bank barn, 45 by 85 feet, in excellent condition and contains all modern appliances; two large covered sheds for storing machinery, wagons, etc.; large double hog pen, large chicken house, smoke house, and other outbuildings. Farm contains two good wells of water and a large spring of never failing soft water near the house; one of the wells being equipped with a wind-pump which supplies water at the barn and hog pens. Produces fruits sufficient for family use. The buildings on the farm are close to school and churches.

Sale to commence promptly at 1 o'clock, P. M., when the terms and conditions will be made known by,

ALBERTA SHERMAN,
Administratrix of James H. Sherman, dec'd.
Swope & Swope,
Attorneys.
G. R. Thompson, Auctioneer.

The Sanitary Rendering Works

BIGLERVILLE, PA.

We buy dead Animals and remove the same promptly.

PAY THE HIGHEST CASH PRICES.

ROY LINARD

Call me on United Phone Biglerville 53C

Bell Phone Biglerville 64-21.

FESTIVAL

AT TABLE ROCK

Saturday, JULY 29, 1916.

Proceeds for benefit of Bender's Reformed Congregation.

Everybody Invited.

MASS MEETING

In St. Ignatius Hall, Buchanan Valley

SATURDAY, JULY 22, 1916.

EVENING.

For Purpose of organizing "A GOOD

ROADS ASSOCIATION".

Prominent Speakers will be in attendance. Everyone interested is asked

to attend.

HOWARD M. BNGAMAN,
Solicitor.

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GETTYSBURG, PA.

G. W. WEAVER & SON

DRY GOODS DEPARTMENT STORE

Clean Sweep on Wash Dresses of Last Season

In going over our stock we found

95 Fancy Lawn, Gingham, Crepe, Imitation Linen and several other fabric Dresses left from last season, that sold at from \$1.50, \$2.00 & \$2.50 and some as high as \$5.00 and with a fair assortment of sizes—they are now all blue penciled TO 59 CENTS, for your choice.

49 Fine Dresses of Lawns, Crepes &c.—that sold at from \$5.00 up to \$9.00. Some splendid styles, but of course a trifle off of the modes of today. Your choice at \$1.00.

28 White Voile & Crepe Dresses—some plain weaves, others fancy weaves—splendidly made but not just up to the minute in style.
Prices now \$1.50, \$2.50 & \$3.00.
Were \$5.00, \$7.50 & \$9.00 last season.

A little clever dressmakers alterations would put these dresses into a good style class.

50 Childrens White Dresses. Some of them need laundering to freshen. Styles all fairly good, sizes 6 to 14. Were \$1.59, \$2.50 to \$5.00.

We have divided these into two lots—

One lot, choice 59 CENTS.

One lot, choice \$1.00.

G. W. WEAVER & SON

GETTYSBURG, PA.

The Leaders

THE POWER OF QUIET

By F. A. MITCHEL

Did you ever notice the difference between the quiet of a library and the busy whirl of the outside world? Doubtless you have. In a way it is the difference between a cemetery and that which is without the inclosure. But the cemetery contains the ashes and the living souls are elsewhere, while the library contains the living souls, the ashes being elsewhere.

Yet who has not realized the effect of situations? The influence of the atmosphere of a library once came home to me in a very telling effect. I am something of a dreamer, and doubtless any such influence would draw me more powerfully than another. But that is merely a matter to be noted. It is this effect of the atmosphere of a library upon myself, an effect that influenced my whole after life, that I am going to recount.

After a season of hard work I was enabled to take a rest. Instead of going pleasure hunting I sought a quiet country town where there were no possible means of excitement. The people living there must have been intellectually above the average, for they had established a very good library. It seemed to me that this was the very place I needed, so I went inside. There was not a person there save the librarian, and, since there was no one to disturb, it was not necessary for me to tread softly in going to her desk and speaking to her in a low voice. She doubtless had become accustomed to a uniform tone no matter how few or how many persons were there.

I received permission to nose about among the books and passed the morning doing so.

Frequently during hours when there was no one but the librarian present I went to her desk, ostensibly to ask her a question about some book, but really to chat with her. There was that in her voice, being in keeping with the place, that added to its other influences. Under this spell she grew to be to me a thing of beauty. Perhaps it was because she was the only living thing except myself there. Just as man chooses a representative—even if a stone idol—to symbolize his god, so did I choose the librarian to embody the myriad of thoughts inclosed in the silent books. She became to me the goddess of wisdom, of romance, of science, of poetry.

I spent a month in the place, and nearly every day I was in the library. It is to be expected from what I have said that I was falling in love with the librarian. Whether or no I was, I thought I was. At any rate, I made love to her. There is a difference between mere making love and making an avowal of love. In other words, I looked love and acted love.

One day the librarian asked me to come to see her at her home. I went in the evening. The house was such as a woman would be likely to live in who was obliged to give all her time for a mere pittance of \$500 or \$600 a year. The furniture was worn, but not in bad taste. The librarian came into the room, and the moment she spoke down fell all the illusion that had been growing up in me for a month.

She spoke in her natural voice. It was not harsh. It was a fair ordinary woman's voice, but it was not the idealized voice of the librarian. I must have shown the change in me by my expression, for suddenly the cordiality of her welcome vanished. I spoke in the voice I had been used to speaking in the library, but since my hostess did not drop to that tone I at once abandoned it. It seemed to me that my embodiment of those who had transcribed their thoughts in the books had vanished and this person who was her wax figure had appeared in her place.

I passed an uncomfortable half hour with her, making an effort to be what I had been to her in the library, then left her.

I did not go to the library again for several days. When I did go there stood my embodiment of the shades of authors set up again on the pedestal on which I had placed her. She spoke to me in her library voice, but did not greet me with the smile she had often greeted me before. I made a few commonplace remarks, then went to an alcove, took down a book and began to read.

But I did not keep it up. I was troubled about my disillusion. I might not have been troubled had not the illusion returned. Which was the real condition, the library condition or the other? If I accepted the one what would I do with the other? I could not accept both. The home condition would be the one I would have to live by if the librarian became my wife. Surely one could not dwell in a library.

I left the place and went home. But I did not leave the library or the librarian behind me. I planned especially for the latter. I returned after awhile to see her. This time I went directly to her house. After much bumbling I made a confession. I admitted that I had fallen in love with her as a librarian, but not as her other self.

She burst into a laugh.

"I have been engaged to be married for a long while," she said. "So you see it doesn't make any difference to you whether you love me as a woman or a librarian."

But it did. Her engagement came to nothing, and a year later we were married. Fate decreed that I should get a treasure. As for me, I had nothing to do with my good fortune. I fell in love with a librarian and married a splendid woman.

Time Signaled by Wireless.

When a survey was made of the wilds of Bolivia all longitude was figured by the aid of time signals sent by wireless from a station 120 miles from the base of operations.

WESTERN MARYLAND RAILWAY

Schedule Effective Sunday, June 18, 1916.

Daily, leave 5:50 a. m., for Baltimore, stopping at New Oxford and Hanover; and except Sunday for York. Daily, 10:13 a. m., for Hagerstown and intermediate stations and the West.

Daily except Sunday 6:53 p. m. for Hagerstown and intermediate stations.

Daily, 6:07 p. m., for Baltimore, York and intermediate stations. No connection for York on Sunday.

Daily, 11:22 p. m., for Hagerstown, Cumberland, Ellettsville, Pittsburgh and the West.

S. Ennes, C. F. Stewart, Gen'l Mgr. Gen'l Passenger Ag't.

METRO PICTURES

Good every day and every night in the year

First in Stars in Drama and supreme human interest



Ask your theatre for this magazine Published weekly

Distinctive Appearance

is a valuable asset and costs nothing but the trouble of going to the RIGHT store and asking for the RIGHT Clothes. It is simply a question of good judgment, of getting the full value for your money in the selection of your wearing apparel.

If you know quality when you see it, and realize the value of a distinctive appearance, it will pay you to come and see the splendid models we are showing this summer.

O. H. LESTZ,
THE HOME OF GOOD CLOTHES
Corner Square and Carlisle Street

Vacation Time

Means a trip, usually, a trip means a trunk, or a suit case or a hand bag

In preparation for vacation travelers we have just received a new shipment of travel pieces.

New Fiber Suit Cases, are splendid value—they are less expensive and more durable than cheap leather.

New Cases in basket and reed weaves.

The largest line in town.

Adams County Hardware Co.

FLETCHER HIGHLY REGARDED IN NAVY

Has Won Praise For Movements in Mexican Waters.

MAN OF TACT AND ABILITY.

Many Months on Scene of Action Have Fitted Rear Admiral In Command of Fleet Division For Dealing With Perilous Situations.

Rear Admiral Frank F. Fletcher, exercising the supreme naval command in Mexican waters until Admiral Charles J. Badger was ordered south with the Atlantic fleet, is one of the ablest officers of the navy. Until recently it was generally understood that the officer who was to succeed Rear Admiral Charles J. Badger would be Rear Admiral Cameron McR. Winslow. Later, however, Winslow was ordered to command the Naval War college.

It was stated on high authority that the only thing that stood between Fletcher and the Atlantic fleet assignment is the possibility that it might be necessary to keep him in Mexican waters for many months to come, in which case even the appointment of a successor to Admiral Badger might be delayed or else Badger would be asked to retain command until Mexican conditions reached that point where it would be possible to assign Fletcher to the fleet flagship as commander in chief.



Photo by American Press Association.

REAR ADMIRAL FRANK F. FLETCHER

The fact that Admiral Fletcher was considered to stand the best chance for the Atlantic fleet command is another instance of the unexpected in naval affairs. Until he was ordered to Mexican waters many months ago his name had never been mentioned among the possible successors of Admiral Badger. But in Mexico Fletcher quickly grasped the situation and with a few weeks the newspapers began to print stories of the tact and ability of the man who was exercising what was admittedly the most important command held by any officer since the Spanish war.

The time came for Fletcher to be relieved and brought back to home waters, but so well had he handled the delicate situations that had arisen at Vera Cruz and Tampico that the navy department told him to stay, not caring to trust the command to an officer who might not be able to handle the situation.

and that Fletcher had set. And so Fletcher has remained, switching his flag from ship to ship as each squadron sailed back home and a new squadron came to take its place.

Admiral Frank Friday Fletcher was born in Oskaloosa, Ia., Nov. 23, 1855. He entered the naval service as a cadet midshipman from the Fourth congressional district of Iowa Sept. 23, 1870, graduating from the Naval academy in June, 1875.

During the Spanish-American war he served as assistant chief of the bureau of ordnance from April 2, 1898, to July 7, 1898; on board the St. Louis from July 8, 1898, to July 18, 1898; in command of the Kanawha from July 19, 1898, to Oct. 6, 1898; and in command of the Eagle from Oct. 22, 1898, until after the close of the war.

He was promoted to commander on March 12, 1894, serving in that grade as inspector of ordnance in charge of the torpedo station from Nov. 10, 1894, to March 15, 1905; as chief of staff to commander in chief of Asiatic fleet from May 11, 1905, to November 1905. He was promoted to captain on May 15, 1908, serving in that grade in command of the Vermont from Nov. 9, 1908, to Feb. 25, 1910, and as aid to the secretary of the navy for division of material from March 16, 1910, to July 20, 1912.

He was promoted to rear admiral Oct. 17, 1911, serving in that grade in command of the Fourth division of the Atlantic fleet from Aug. 1, 1912, to Jan. 4, 1913; in command of the Second division of the Atlantic fleet from Jan. 4, 1912, to Nov. 6, 1913; and in command of the First division of the Atlantic fleet from Nov. 6, 1913, on which duty he is serving at the present time.

Fletcher is an inventive genius and one of the highest authorities on naval ordnance. He has invented a breech mechanism, a gun mount and other things.

OUR FOREIGN TRADE.

Exports for the fiscal year just ended with June amounted to \$4,345,000,000 and the imports were valued at \$2,180,000,000, making a total foreign trade for the year of over six and a half billion dollars, which is much larger than any previous total in the history of American commerce. These figures were announced today by the bureau of foreign and domestic commerce, of the department of commerce, with the explanation that the figures included for June are an estimate based on the final May statistics.

It was in 1872 that our foreign trade first exceeded a billion dollars. By 1900 it had crossed the \$2,000,000,000 mark, by 1907 it had exceeded three billion and by 1913 had risen above four billion, remaining around that level until the year just ended, when the six billion mark was exceeded. Imports first exceeded a billion dollars in value in 1903 and are now a little more than twice as much as at that time. Exports first rose above a billion dollars in value in 1892 and are four times as much as in that year.

Thirteen great classes of exported articles yield a total estimated at 3,024 million dollars for 1915, as against 1,321 million for all other articles. The following table shows the remarkable increases which have occurred in exports of this group during the last two years:

Classes	1915	1914
Iron and steel	618	230
Explosives	473	41
Raw cotton	370	376
Wheat and flour	314	438
Meats	270	296
Copper manufactures	170	109
Mineral oils	165	134
Brass and manufactures	136	23
Auto and parts	125	28
Chemicals etc.	123	46
Cotton manufactures	112	72
Refined sugar	80	26
Leather	80	65

*Estimated upon basis of eleven months.

HOW FARMERS ARE AIDED BY RURAL CREDITS BILL

Procedure Necessary to Secure a Loan From the Government.

Here is what a farmer who needs money can do under the rural credits bill, which was signed recently by the president:

First, he must join what is to be known as a National Farm Loan association, paying in \$5 for one of its shares for each \$100 he wishes to borrow. He has one vote a share, but not to exceed ten votes in all.

Next, he applies to the association for the loan, giving his personal note therefor, secured by a first mortgage on his farm. If the association approves the loan it turns the note mortgage to a land bank. The land bank sends the amount of the loan to the association, which hands the money to the farmer. No commission, brokerage or rakeoff is charged the borrower.

No single loan is to be for less than \$100 or more than \$10,000, nor for less than five years or more than 60 years. The loan must not exceed 60 per cent, and preferably should not go beyond 50 per cent of the market value of the land covered by the mortgage.

The borrower pays semiannually the interest on his note, plus an installment of the principal. He must not be charged over 6 per cent interest.

Each National Farm Loan association must have at least ten members, and it cannot begin business with less than \$20,000 in loans applied for.

It is illegal, under severe penalties, for any officer, committee member or member to accept any commission, fee or perquisite of any kind for granting any loan. The only paid officer is a secretary-treasurer.

Money can be borrowed by this system in order to pay for agricultural land, equipment, fertilizers, live stock, buildings and improvement or to discharge a prior mortgage.

The land bank may charge the borrowing farmer only 1 per cent more than the rate it gets on its bonds. This margin of one point is to cover expenses and profits.

California Like Island.

California, covering almost ten degrees of latitude, lies well within the warm temperate zone, with conditions of temperature conducive to a luxuriant vegetation. The state is peculiarly isolated, as the high mountains and deserts to the east offer an impassable barrier to plants from the Atlantic side of the continent, while to the south are the deserts of Mexico and Lower California, and on the west lie the shores of the Pacific. The state thus has many of the characteristics of an oceanic island.

CHARTER NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, on the 2nd day of November, 1916, by Theo. Kharas, A. H. Kready, J. E. Mickle, Geo. A. Herring and Chas. W. Biessecker, under the provisions of an Act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, approved May 13, 1876, entitled "An Act for the incorporation and regulation of banks of discount and deposit" and the supplements and amendments thereto, for a Charter for an intended corporation to be called THE ORRTANNA STATE BANK, to be located in Orrtanna, Adams County, Pennsylvania, for the purpose of carrying on the business of banking under the provisions of the Act aforesaid and the supplements and amendments thereto.

The amount of capital stock shall be Twenty-five Thousand (\$25,000.00) Dollars to be divided into Five Hundred (500) shares of the par value of Fifty (\$50.00) Dollars each.

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